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ANALYSIS OF RESERVE MARKET SURVEY

BY

GERALD A. KLOPP

September 1982

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Research, Studies and Evaluation Division Program Analysis and Evaluation Directorate Fort Sheridan, Illinois 60037

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ANALYSIS OF RESERVE MARKET SURVEY

Study Report 82-2

by

Gerald A. Klopp

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ABSTRACT

A survey of most of the US Army Reserves was conducted in 1980-1981 to obtain information on the opinions which the Reservists had concerning the US Army Reserve and on factors which influenced the individual to join the Reserves. Although the analysis indicates that there was general agreement among the Reservists, there were nevertheless differences in responses due to age, sex, marital status, etc. The most significant differences in opinions expressed were associated with responses by sex, followed by marital status, age, and time in Reserve.

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ANALYSIS OF RESERVE MARKET SURVEY

1. Introduction.

- a. The questionnaire (Appendix A) utilized in the USAR Market Survey was constructed from questions made by each of the regions in the US Army Recruiting Command, the Army's advertising firm (N.W. Ayer), and from several of the US Army Reserve (USAR) Commands. The questionnaire was administered without a great deal of control placed upon the procedures and processes. This was an operational necessity because the decision to conduct the market study was made at the beginning of a fiscal year when personnel to conduct it had not yet been identified. Also, because the USAR plans its monthly meetings one year in advance, time had not been alloted for administering the questionnaires. Therefore, to give USAR units the maximum amount of time to complete the questionnaires, the decision was made to decentralize printing, distribution, administration, and collection. As personnel were activated by the USAR to conduct the market survey at each District Recruiting Command (DRC), the market survey officer assumed as a primary task, the responsibility of visiting USAR units to encourage participation and review the questionnaires for completeness. There was not enough time for the market survey officer to administer the questionnaire to each unit.
- b. The intent was to survey each enlisted person in the Army Reserve. However, because of the control procedures, a portion of the officers in the Army also responded. Accordingly, as discussed in the next sections, responses which are analyzed herein consist of mostly enlisted personnel with a subset of the officer population.

2. Sample Response.

- a. In order to gain unbiased information from the responses, it must first be shown that the data are representative of the Army Reserve population. To do this, the survey aggregate data are compared to the Army Reserve population data in Table 1 for various attributes such as time in Army Reserve, sex, education, etc. Table 1 indicates the actual data for a period prior to, during, and immediately following the time when the surveys were being completed. This gives an indication if any major changes in the population occurred during the survey.
- b. As Table 1 indicates, for most categories of an attribute, the survey results have almost the same proportions of the population. Several categories, however, do differ substantially. The survey over-represents the population having six years or less in the reserves and those with some college. High school and nonhigh school graduates, officers, and E1-E3 ranks were under-represented. The major response problems were in the level of education. Accordingly, any results obtained from this survey based upon education level may not accurately reflect the true population, unless the effects of bias are accounted for in statistical tests. The effects of bias and the method for statistical hypothesis adjustments will be discussed later.

Table 1. Aggregate Personnel Data

% Over 25 Years 3.3 3.6 3.8 3.8	%Farmers 1.0		8 Unknown N/A 1.7 6.9	over 51 2.1 5.1 3.7 3.5		62000 and over	
%21 to 25 Years 2.3 3.2 3.2 3.1	%Laborers	%Single 35.2	84 (- 	869 0.6 0.0 0.0	3 . (
%16 to 20 Years 2.4 4.9 5.2 5.3	%Service II.8		% College Graduate 22.5 22.4 21.7 21.1	247-51 3.9 3.8 3.7	2.1 2.3 2.3 2.3	%1600-1999 month 14.9	
	%Operatives	% Married 64.8	84	\$42-46 6.9 6.4 6.3 6.1	%E7 11.3 7.5 7.9	- 1	
%13 to 15 Years 7.5 8.1 9.2		6 €	9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	9.2 9.2 9.3 9.3	%E6 18.0 12.5 12.5	x1200-1599 month 26.0	
10 to 12 Years 14.6 15.6 15.7	%Craftsmen 7.8	atus	% Some College 30.1 8.6 11.8	\$37-41 10.9 10.2 10.2 10.3	%E5 23.5 18.5 17.7 17.4	96	•
%7 to 9 % Years 15.4 17.2 15.2 13.9	Sales 4.2	Marital Status Survey	thool	\$32-36 20.8 19.0 19.8	%E4 17.8 17.8 16.8	\$800-1199 month 28.8	Total 33,720 200,884 211,653 221,774
% to 6 Years 21.6 19.3 19.1 18.1	*Clerical	9 2 8 8 5 0 .	% High School Graduate 37.6 43.6 43.7 43.7	\$27-31 22.6 20.0 18.3 17.0	%E3 6.7 7.1 7.3	6	80401
22		Œl .		9.1 9.1 10.3	\$500-799 month	Enlisted 30,550 164,644 175,146 184,411	
%1 to 3 Years 20.0 17.9 17.7	%Managers 15.1		High School Graduate 9.8 19.9 21.9	\$22-26 19.7 19.5 20.0 20.1	%E1 3.9 7.1 8.3 8.6		
% Less Than 1 Year 14.1 10.8 12.0	Professional 22.8	Male 86.2 86.2 85.8	% Non-High Graph 19.	\$17-21 12.5 15.9 17.9 18.8	20fficer 9.4 18.0 17.2 16.8	%Less Than \$500/month	Officers 34,240 36,507 37,363
Time in Reserve Survey Jul 1980 Dec 1980 Jun 1981	Civ Occupation Survey	Sex Survey Jul 1980 Dec 1980 Jun 1981	Education Survey Jul 1980 Dec 1980 Jun 1981	Age Survey Jul 1980 Dec 1980 Jun 1981	Rank Survey Jul 1980 Dec 1980 Jun 1981	Civilian Income Survey	Population size Survey Jul 1980 Dec 1980 Jun 1981

Item Response.

- a. In addition to possible bias because of an unrepresentative sample, item response error can also cause bias. As shown in Table 2, the greatest number of errors by item were those which required personal information on income and occupation. Some of the errors may have been caused by transcribing the data from the sheet to punched cards for computer analysis. Typical transcribing errors include punching a character in a number field, punching a number in a wrong field, and punching the wrong (or not allowed) character.
- b. Where possible, the analysis program was designed to detect errors and to ignore the incorrect data in any calculations. Sources of respondent errors include not answering an item, indicating an inappropriate response, or not following directions.

Table 2. Item Response Error Rates

Attribute	% Error	Question	% Error
Time in Reserve Civilian Occupation Sex Education Age Rank Marital Status Civilian Income	0.1 17.2 0.6 4.4 1.5 0.2 2.6 36.5	1 2 3 4A 5A 6 7 8	2.0 0.2 1.5 2.6 5.6 3.7 Omitted 0.2
		4B 5B	1.8 5.0

Notes:

- 1. An error is one or more of the following:
 - a. Improper response (e.g. Sex not M or F).
 - b. No response (e.g. not indicating civilian income).
 - c. Key punch error.
- 2. Total number of sample was 33720 respondents.
- Because values were rounded to the nearest tenth, a zero value may result even though a small fraction was actually recorded.

4. Effects of Bias on Significance Levels.

a. In research projects, a small level of significance is normally selected to determine that the results did not occur by the chance selection of the sample. However, because non-response and item response errors may cause possible bias, the level of significance for each question and each attribute has been changed as shown in Table 3. For income and education, which had the largest error rates, the levels of significance are the largest for all attributes.

Table 3. Critical Significance Levels

Ques.	Time In Reserve	Civ Occup	Sex	<u>E d</u>	Age	Rank	Marital Status	Income
1	.052	.066	.052	.084	.052	.052	.053	.081
2	.052	.066	.052	.084	.052	.050	.052	.081
3	.052	.066	.052	.084	.052	.052	.053	.081
4A	.052	.066	.054	.084	.054	.053	.053	.081
4 B	.052	.066	.055	.084	.053	.052	.053	.081
5A	.055	.068	.055	.087	.056	.055	.056	.084
5B	.055	.068	.055	.085	.055	.053	.056	.084
6	.055	.067	.054	.085	.053	.053	.055	.084
8	.050	.066	.051	.084	.052	.052	.052	.081
9	.050	.066	.050	.084	.052	.052	.052	.081

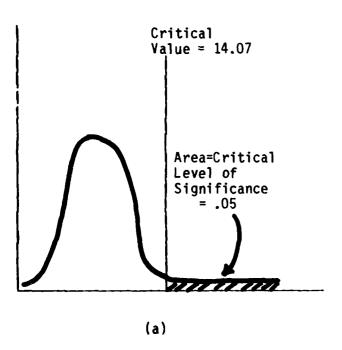
Notes: 1. The starting significance level is 0.05.

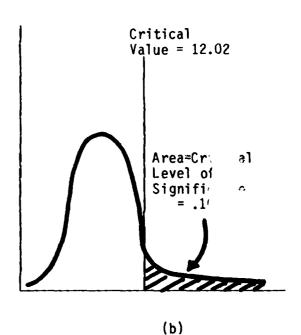
- 2. The critical levels have been adjusted for item response error rates.
- 3. Education significance level have been adjusted for non-response bias.
- b. The critical significance level is the probability of rejecting a hypothesis when it is true. The .050 level was initially selected for reasons which will be discussed later.
- c. The probability of rejecting a hypothesis is related to a critical value of a test statistic. Generally, the lower the critical significance level, the larger the critical value of a test statistic required to reject a null hypothesis. The next section will discuss the actual test statistic used for this analysis.
- d. The relationship of critical value and critical significance level is illustrated in Figure 1(a) and 1(c). The critical value is the value that a test statistic must exceed before a hypothesis can be rejected. As illustrated in Figure 1(a) and 1(c), as the level of significance is decreased, the critical value of the test statistic increases. Thus, for a given test statistic

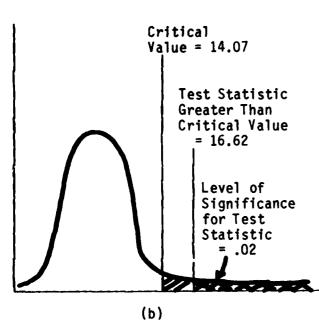
value, decreasing the critical significance level will require a higher test statistic value before a hypothesis can be rejected. This means that smaller critical significance levels result in more hypothesis being accepted.

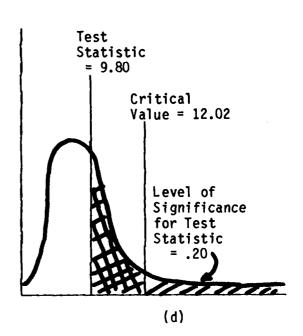
e. Figure 1(b) illustrates another test statistic and its significance level. If the critical value of Figure 1(a) is used, the null hypothesis is rejected, since the test statistic is greater than the critical value. Note also that the level of significance is less than the critical level of significance. However, as illustrated in 1(d), the hypothesis is not rejected for the same test statistic of 1(b) and the critical value of 1(c). An equivalent statement is that the level of significance of 1(d) is greater than the critical level of significance of 1(c), so the hypothesis is not rejected.

Figure 1. Critical Values and Significance Level Example









f. For any analysis which follows the level of significance of the test statistic must be less than the critical value of Table 3. These critical values have been derived using the .050 level as a starting point and adjusting upward, depending on the two types of biases (response and item) for each question and attribute.

5. Correlation of Attributes.

a. As shown in Table 4, many of the attributes are related to each other. Time in the Army Reserve and Age, for example, have a correlation of .62, while time in the Army Reserve and Sex have a correlation of -.18. The positive relationship between Time and Age suggests that older individuals tend to have more time in the Reserve. Some of the variables in the correlation matrix required coding to transform the data into numerical data. Sex, for example, was assigned a value of one for male and two for female, as shown at the bottom of Table 4. Thus, a negative correlation between Time in the Army Reserve implies that there is somewhat of a relationship such that as Time in the Army Reserve increases, Sex code decreases. This means that there is a trend that the more time an individual is in the Army Reserves, the more likely the individual is a male.

Table 4. Coorelation Matrix of Attributes

	Time in Reserve	Age	Educ	Rank	Sex	Marital Status	Civ Income	Civ Occup
Time	1.0							
Age	.62	1.0						
Educ	.13	.19	1.0					
Rank	.28	.28	06	1.0				
Sex	18	16	.07	08	1.0			
Marital	26	34	09	.17	.29	1.0		
Civ Inc	.35	.42	.30	.10	21	29	1.0	
Civ Occ	13	17	39	.03	10	.06	29	1.0

Coding of Variables

Time: Actual time in the Army Reserve in years.

Age: Actual age in years.

Education: 1= NonHigh School Graduate, 2= High School Graduate, 3= Some

College, 4= College Degree.

Rank: 0= Officer, 1-9= E1-E9.

Sex: 1= Male, 2= Female.

Marital Status: 1=Single, 2= Married.

Civilian Income: Monthly dollar amount.

Civilian Occupation: 1= Professional, 2= Managers, 3= Clerical, 4= Sales,

5= Craftsman, 6= Operatives, 7= Service, 8= Laborers,

9= Farmers.

- b. Married individuals are likely to have less time in the Army Reserves than unmarried (negative correlation), are likely to be younger (negative correlation), are somewhat lesser educated, have lower rank, and are likely to have lower civilian income than unmarried individuals. Similarly, females are likely to have less time in the Army Reserves than men; tend to be somewhat younger, more educated, and have lower rank than men; tend to be single with less civilian income than men; and have civilian jobs in the professional, manager, clerical, and sales civilian occupations.
- c. Because the correlations are not exact (e. g. one), care must be exercised in determining relationships. The values listed in Table 4 are significantly different from zero (zero meaning no relationship). Also, because of the possible errors mentioned previously, the correlations may not be accurate for the population of Army Reservists.

6. The Test Statistic.

- a. For this survey, the individual respondent selected one or more (depending on the question) "fixed" responses. For example, for question one, the individual could select either extra money, prior service, or one of six other responses to answer the question, "What brought about your first contact with the Army Reserve?" Questions 2, 8, and 9 allow the individual to select multiple responses. Questions 4 and 5 each contain two parts, with each part asking for specific values (refer to the questionnaire at Appendix A). Thus, except for these two questions, the responses were categorical.
- b. In order to perform an analysis on the survey data, all data has to be expressed in categories. This includes the attributes on the individual's background. To do this, Age, Time in Reserve, Education level, and Civilian Income attributes were grouped into ranges of values (e.g. Time in the Army Reserve 1-3 years, 4-6 years, etc.). Additionally, the responses for questions 4 and 5 were also grouped (i.e. 21-40 minutes, 6-15 miles, etc.). The frequencies for each group of attribute and question were then obtained (e.g. the number of times each age group selected each response for each question). The distribution of percentages of Reservist's selection are at Appendix B to this report.
- c. Table B-1.1, for example, contains the distribution of percentages by Rank for each of the allowable responses of Question 1. The numbers in parentheses indicate the rating within a particular column. Thus, Officers selected EXTRA MONEY 12.20% of the time, which was the third highest percentage (the highest rating was PRIOR SERVICE for Officer). Note the ratings in a column are 1-8 and that the maximum allowable response for question 1 is 8 (OTHER). Except where multiple responses were allowed, the sum of the percentages of a column should equal 100%. The last column shows the average percentages for each row and the rating of the last column. Thus, across all columns, EXTRA MONEY was indicated by 23.2% of the respondents and was 2nd in order of selection. The row % OF RESPONDENTS indicates the percentages of the respondents that were in each column.

- d. Before the test statistics are discussed, the tables dealing with questions 4 and 5 will be discussed. Referring to Table B-4.1, for example, the average (AVG) and standard deviation (SD) for each row is also listed. Also, following the last response are the averages and standard deviations for each row. This data can be used for tests of hypotheses on differences between means for the various attributes, if desired.
- e. If all of the columns for a single row within each of the tables of Appendix B had different ratings, the implication would be that column groups do not agree with each other as to the relative importance of each response (e.g. if El completely disagreed with E2, neither one should have the same rating for any response). Conversely, if the column groups all agreed on the relative importance, they would all have the same rating in a given row. A statistic which measures the relationship or agreement is the coefficient of concordance, which is calculated by the following equation:

$$W = \frac{12\sum_{j=1}^{m}R_{j}^{2}}{\sum_{m=1}^{m}R_{j}^{2}} - \frac{3(n+1)}{n-1}$$
(1)

where m = number of columns, n = highest rating, and R_j = sum of ranks in row j.

f. The values of equation 1 range from 0 (meaning no agreement) to 1 (meaning perfect agreement in ratings). The test statistic which determines if the columns are not in agreement (e.g. if W=0 statistically) is found by the following equation:

$$S = \frac{12}{mn(n+1)} \sum_{j=1}^{m} R_{j}^{2} - 3m(n+1)$$
, (2)

where m, n, and R are as defined in (1). Also, S and W are related by the following equation:

$$S = m(n-1)W. (3)$$

g. When m is sufficiently large (m of 4 or more), S is approximately a Chisquared statistic with n-1 degrees of freedom. The Chi-squared test statistic is used to test the hypothesis that the ratings are not equal (e.g. W=0) with an alternate hypothesis that there is an association or relationship between rankings (e.g. that the coefficient of concordance, W, does not equal 0). The value of the test statistic, its degrees of freedom, and the significance level are also printed on each table in Appendix B.

h. The average rank correlations in Appendix B represent the average coefficient of concordance which would be obtained for all possible pairs of columns. The coefficient of concordance is the only statistic whose significance is determined in the following section.

7. The Determination of The Critical Significance Level

- a. The critical level of significance equal to .05 was selected as a starting point (before adjustment for bias) before any tests were conducted using the following objectives:
- (1) When the ratings are all equal (e.g. W=1), the critical value should be such that the null hypothesis is properly rejected.
- (2) Minimize the number of times a hypothesis is rejected when it is true (called a Type I errors) for W=.3 and less (that is, W=.3 or less is considered zero for test purposes).
- (3) Minimize the number of times a hypothesis is accepted when it is false (called a Type II error) for W=.9 and higher (that is, W=.9 or higher is considered not zero for any statistical test).
 - b. To illustrate the first objective consider the following example:

	Attribute 1	Attribute 2		
Response 1	Rated 3	Rated 3		
. 2	Rated 4	Rated 4		
3	Rated 1	Rated 1		
4	Rated 2	Rated 2		

c. For this example, the Chi-square test statistic is 1 and the level of significance is .042. Since the number of columns is 2, the Chi-square table was not used in determining a critical value. Instead, a value was calculated using the actual distribution of all possible ratings in a theoretical 4x2 matrix. These values are not found in most standard statistical texts. From this example, it can be seen that if the .05 level, for example, were selected, the hypothesis that there is no relationship between the ranking of attributes would be properly rejected. Inspection of the example shows that each attribute has exactly the same ratings as the other. Based upon the ratings of all possible theoretical outcomes, a critical significance level greater than .042 has to be selected. After all possible combinations of responses and attributes for this survey were given equal ratings, the .05 level of significance was determined to be the smallest acceptable value which will still meet the first objective above.

- d. Type I and Type II errors are related. Generally, increasing one decreases the other. It was illustrated in a previous section that decreasing the critical level of significance results in more null hypotheses being rejected, thus increasing the probability of Type I errors. However, the probability of Type II errors would then decrease. To find the proper trade-off between the two types of errors, consider Tables 5 and 6.
- e. Table 5 shows the levels of significance if W=.3. If .3 or any lower value level were to be considered zero in a statistical sense, any hypothesis which is rejected is incorrectly rejected. The line in Table 5 shows the significance levels where the hypotheses would be rejected (above the line) and accepted (below the line). The only way to reduce the number above the line (Type I errors) is to lower the significance level below .022. However, the .022 level would cause the first objective for a critical value to be violated (e.g. critical value .042 or larger).
- f. Similiarly, Table 6 shows the levels of significance if W=.9. If .9 or any higher value were to be considered not to be zero for any statistical test, then any hypothesis which is accepted is incorrectly accepted (a Type II error).

Table 5. Type I Significance Levels

If W=.3, the significance levels are:

Attritube	<u>m</u>	Q1 n=8	Q2 n=9	Q3 n=4	Q4A n=4	Q4B n=4	Q5A n=5	Q5B n=5	Q6 n=3	Q8 n=10	Q9 n=10
Time in Res	9	.008	.006	.018	.018	.018	.014	.014	.070	.004	.004
Civ Occ.	9	.008	.006	.018	.018	.018	.014	.014	.070	.004	.004
Age	8	.020	.014	.060	.060	.060	.022	.022	.120	.011	.011
Civ. Inc.	6	.090	.080	.155	.155	.070	.070	.070	.200	.068	.068
Educ.	4	.300	.300	.355	.355	.355	.200	.200	.300	.300	.300
Marital	2	.760	.800	.792	.792	.792	.500	.500	.800	.800	.800
Sex	2	.760	.800	.792	.792	.792	.500	.500	.800	.800	.800

- Notes: 1. If the maximum value for W that is still considered zero is .3, then any test statistics for W=.3 or less is considered to be zero for statistical tests.
 - 2. Those values above the line are Type I errors (Reject Ho when it is true).
 - 3. Those values below the line are correctly accepted null hypotheses (Ho accepted when it is true).
 - 4. The test statistic from which the significance levels were determined is found by equation 3 with the values m, n, and w above.

Table 6. Type II Significance Levels

If W=.9, the significance levels are:

Attribute	<u>m</u>	Q1 n=8	Q2 n=9	Q3 n=4	Q4A n=4	Q4B n=4	Q5A n=5	Q5B n=5	Q6 n=3	Q8 n=10	09 n=10
Rank	10	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Tim in Res	9	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Civ Occ.	9	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Age	8	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Civ. Inc.	6	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Educ.	4	.001	.001	.002	.002	.002	.001	.001	.025	.001	.001
Marital	2	.085	.07	.167	.167	.167	.100	.100	.200	.060	.060
Sex	2	.085	.07	.167	.167	.167	.100	.100	.200	.060	.060

- Notes: 1. If the minimum value for W that is not considered zero is .9, then any test statistic for W=.9 or greater is considered not zero for statistical tests.
 - 2. Those values below the line are Type II errors (Accept Ho when it is false).
 - 3. Those values above the line are correctly rejected null hypotheses (Ho rejected when it is false).
 - 4. The test statistic from which the significance levels were determined is found by equation 3 with the values m,n, and w above.
- g. The line in Table 6 shows the level of significance where hypotheses would be rejected (above the line) and accepted (below the line). The only way to reduce errors below the line (Type II errors) is to raise the significance level to at least 0.07. This would still satisfy the first objective, but would increase the number of Type I errors by more than it decreases the number of Type II errors. Thus, the only range of values for the critical value is in the range .05 to .042. The level .05 was selected because it is a commmonly used value and it still falls into the accepted range for Type I and Type II errors.

8. Results of Hypothesis Testing.

a. The significance levels of the test statistics of Appendix B are presented in Table 7. From this table, it can be seen that for most questions, the hypothesis that W=0 is rejected. Thus, it can be concluded that there is a relationship between the answers to the questions and the attributes, that has not occurred because of chance. What this means is that the individuals within the various attributes tend to rate each question similarly. Table 8, however, shows that the ratings, although similar, are not exactly the same (otherwise w would be exactly 1). Where significant differences do exist, the attribute most likely to be associated with the disagreement is sex. That is, men and women typically have different opinions on how the various question alternatives are ranked.

Table 7. Summary of Significance Levels

Ques	Time In Res	Civ. Occ.	Sex	Educ.	Age	Rank	Marital Status	Civ. Inc.
1 2 3 4A 4B 5A 5B			.057* .056* .042 .375* .042 .042	.022 .007 .007 .003 .012			.039 .056* .042 .042 .025	.001
6 8 9	.119*	.005	.333* .051 .018	.040	.093*	.008	.167* .031 .018	.008

Null hypothesis: No agreement by attributes (w=0). Alternate hypothesis: Agreement by attributes $(w\neq 0)$.

Notes: 1. Attributes are Sex, Age, etc.

- 2. Any attribute with no significance level listed has a significance level of 0.
- *Indicates that Ho is accepted (alternate hypothesis is rejected).
- 4. All significance levels of 0, reject the null hypothesis.
- 5. Table 3 has the adjusted critical significance levels.
- 6. Those values which do not reference note 3 indicate that the null hypothesis is rejected.
- Some values have been rounded for ease of presentation.
- b. The questions on the survey can be separated into two groups: those questions where all individuals tended to disagree (e.g. w is small) and those questions where individuals tended to agree (e.g. w is large). Questions 3, 4A, 4B, 5A, 8 and 9 all have the overall average of .85 (last column in Table 8). Also, for most attributes within a question, the individual w is larger than the overall average of .85. Therefore, these questions will be summarized in the next section as though they had been given the same ranking by all individuals (since the variations are so small, this is not a bad assumption).
- c. Alternatively, for the remaining questions, responses differ substantially, depending upon the individual's attributes. Therefore, these questions will be summarized in the next section by each attribute which characterized groups of respondents.

Table 8. Table of Coefficient of Concordance

Ques	Time in Reserve	Civ Occ.	Sex	Educ.	Age	Rank	Matital Status	Civ Income	Avg <u>W</u>
1	.69	.87	.87	.80	.79	.72	.90	.84	.81
2	.70	.91	.86	.81	.72	.60	.87	.79	.78
3	1.00	.93	1.00	1.00	.94	1.00	1.00	.94	.97
4A	1.00	.96	.70	1.00	1.00	.96	1.00	1.00	.95
4 B	.90	.79	.97	.91	.92	.84	.97	.93	.90
5A	.84	.93	1.00	.93	.91	.90	1.00	.91	.93
5B	.68	.75	.80	.74	.69	.65	.94	.75	.75
6	.23	.76	.75	.81	.30	.27	1.00*	.81	.64
8	.90	.96	.87	.93	.84	.79	.92	.92	.89
9	.88	. 94	.96	.93	.90	.80	.96	.92	.91
Average	.78	.88	.88	.89	.80	.77	.96	.85	.85

Notes: 1. Numbers have been rounded.

 *This is a type II error since Table 7 indicates that the null hypothesis should be accepted (w=0) when it is false (w greater than .9)

9. Findings.

- a. Areas of commonality of ratings.
- (1) As summarized in Table 9, regardless of the individual's attributes (i.e. Sex, Income, etc.), the respondents utilize private vehicles for the most part with car pooling as the second choice (Question 3). The majority of them live 20 minutes or less from the reserve center, with an average of 27.6 minutes overall (Question 4A). There is a moderate disagreement, however, by Sex (w = .70), with males apparently willing to travel longer times (31.9 minutes for males vs. 21.62 for females over-all). The ratings for distance traveled shows a preference for smaller distances with the over-all average of about 19.5 miles (Question 4B). When asked about how long the reservists are willing to travel, they also generally agreed that they would be willing to travel somewhat longer time (29 minutes over-all for Question 5A).
- (2) Although the individuals with different attributes moderately disagree, they indicated that the most important thing for them was extra money, retirement benefits, or service to country (Question 8). Finally, the individuals indicated that the USAR should increase its benefits (Question 9). Although variations in the ratings by attribute of Question 9 were observed, the individuals generally agreed on the two or three items with different opinions on which was number one, two, or three.
- b. Areas of differences in ratings. For Questions 1, 2, 5B, and 6, the individuals indicated the widest disagreement on ratings. The following sections discuss the differences by attributes. It should be kept in mind that some of these attributes are correlated, hence they will indicate similar ratings for the same question.

Table 9. Summary of Questions With Similar Ratings

	-1	Table 9. Sum	Summary of Questions With Similar Ratings	ns With Si	milar Ratings	
Question	Rated 1	Rated 2	Rated 3	Average	Highest W	Lowest W
က	Private Vehicle	Car pool	Public Transportation	76. n	1.0 (5 ea)	. 93 (Civ. Occ.)
44	20 min or less	21-41 min	41-60 min	.95	1.0 (5 ea)	.70 (Sex)
(Average)	(12.2 min)	(30.9 min)	(50.8 min)			
5A	20 min or less	21-40 min	41-60 min	.93	1.0 (2 ea)	.84 (Time in Reserve)
(Average)	(4.7 min)	(30.9 min)	(55.2 min)			
6	Increase Benefits	Reduce Paperwork	Better organization	.91	96.	.80 (Rank)
48	6.15 miles	0-5 miles	16-25 miles	06.	76.	.79 (Civ. Occ.)
(Average)	(10.7 miles)	(2.8 miles)	(20.9 miles)			.79 (Rank)
ω	Develop skills	Retirement Benefits	Serve Country	.89	96°	.79 (Rank)

Note: Based on row ratings.

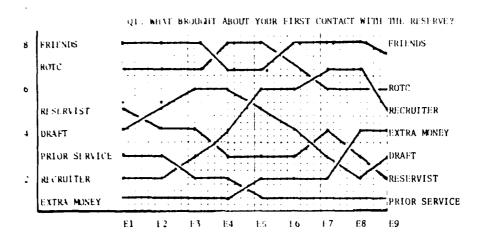
(1) Rank.

- (a) Figure 2 illustrates how the ratings on the four questions change as rank increases (E1 E9 only, since Officer ratings differ from enlisted ratings). For question 1, for example, it can be seen that EXTRA MONEY is rated number 1 by E1 to E4, increases to a rating of 2, and finally increases to a rating of 4 for E9's. It should be recalled that a rating of 1 is most important and the higher the rating, the lower the importance. RECRUITERS have a low rating (high importance) for E1 E3 and increases in rating (decreases in importance) as Rank increases. It can also be seen that the DRAFT decreases in rating (increases in importance) as Rank increases. This may be attributed to the role which the draft played for those who now hold higher grades in the reserves. This same phenomena will be seen by Age and Time in Reserves.
- (b) Inspection of Question 2 in Figure 2 also shows some rank characteristic patterns. For example, SKILL is rated 1 by E1 E3, but the rating changes rapidly as Rank increases until it is the least important consideration for E9s. Similarly, CONTINUING CAREER has very low importance for E1s, but gains importance as Rank increases until, for E9s, career is the most important consideration.
- (c) When question 5B of Figure 2 is inspected, it can be seen that the higher ranks generally are willing to travel longer distances to get to the reserve station. Additionally, most individuals agree that the Reserve job has little or no similarity to civilian jobs, but higher ranked individuals tend to indicate a higher percentage of jobs with similarity to civilian jobs.
- (d) Officers generally find the reserves to have very little similarity with their regular jobs (Question δ). However, they have the largest segment which indicated that their Reserve duty is similar to their civilian job. They are generally willing to travel further to the Reserve Center (Question 5B) than any other group. PRIOR SERVICE and ROTC is likely to have brought about their initial contact with the Reserve unit, with EXTRA MONEY being the third most likely reason (Question 1). They most likely joined the Reserves to continue their military career, but money and retirement benefits were also important considerations (Question 2).

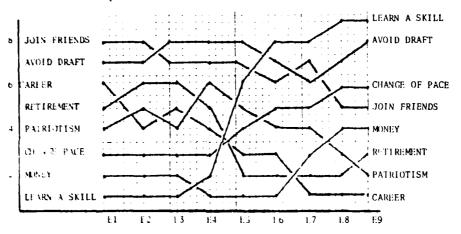
(2) Time in Reserves.

- (a) Figure 3 illustrates how ratings for Questions 1, 2, 5B and 6 change as Time in Reserves changes. One of the most noticeable parts of the graph for Question 1 is the change in ratings for DRAFT. It can be seen in the top graph of Figure 3 that with 4-12 years in the Reserves, the rating gets closer to 2, while the rating goes to 7 with 12-21 years in the Reserves. This group of Reservists includes those who whould have served in Vietnam and probably were influenced very strongly with the draft. Those with 6 or fewer years in the Reserves would have entered after the draft was terminated.
- (b) Similar to graph 2 in Figure 2, graph 2 of Figure 3 shows that LEARNING A SKILL is important to the individuals having 3 or fewer years in the Reserve, and the importance falls off with increasing Time in the Reserves. Also, CAREER increases in importance as Time in the Reserves increases.

Figure 2.



Q2: WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING CAUSED YOU TO JOIN THE U.S. ARMY RESERVE?



Q5B: WHAT IS THE DISTANCE THAT YOU ARE WILLING TO TRAVEL? MORE THAN 50 _ 26-35 MILES 20-35 MILES - 6-15 MILES 3n-50 MILES - 16-25 MILES 16-25 MILES MORE THAN 50 6-15 MILLS 0-5 MILES 0-5 MILES E١ E2 E 3 **E4** E5 1:6 £7

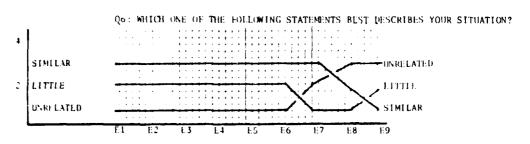
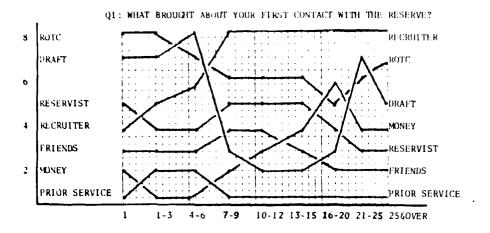
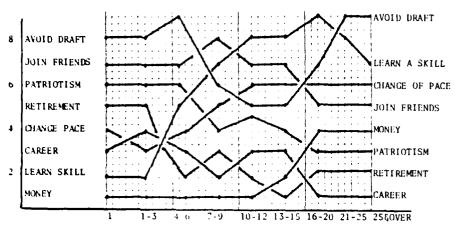


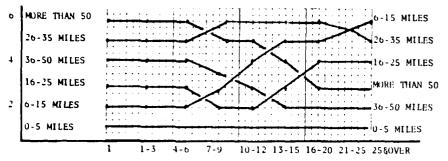
Figure 3.

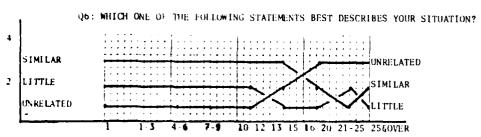


Q2: WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING CAUSED YOU TO JOIN THE U.S. ARMY RESERVE?



QSB: WHAT IS THE DISTANCE THAT YOU WOULD BE WILLING TO TRAVEL?





(c) As with Rank, individuals are more likely to drive further as their Time in the Reserves increases. Finally, the fourth graph of Figure 3 shows a small segment where their civilian jobs have some or little similarity with their Reserves job. However, most indicate little to unrelated as the most likely relationship of civilian to Reserves job.

(3) Age.

- (a) The first graph of Figure 4 illustrates that the recruiter, for example, is very important for the 17-21-year-old group, but the importance falls off rapidly as Age increases. As in previous attributes, it can be seen that the importance of the draft increases up to about the age of 31 and then begins to decrease in importance.
- (b) The second graph of Figure 4 exhibits characteristics similar to Rank and Time in Reserves for the response, LEARN A SKILL. Because Age and Time in Reserves are correlated, it should be expected to find such similarity. Also, it can be observed that, as MONEY/PART-TIME JOB decreases in importance, CAREER increases in importance with Age.
- (c) As with Rank and Time in the Reserves, older Reservists are more willing to travel longer distances than younger Reservists. Finally, the last graph of Figure 4 shows that the older Reservists feel that their Reserve jobs have little similarity or are somewhat similar to their civilian jobs.

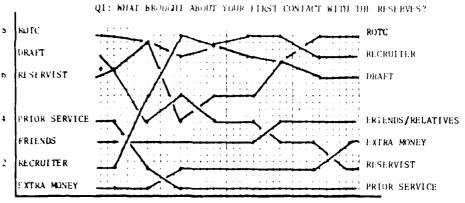
(4) Sex.

- (a) Inspection of the first graph of Figure 5 indicates that, although the sexes disagree on the exact order of importance of the first three items (PRIOR SERVICE, EXTRA MONEY, and FRIENDS/RELATIVES), they nevertheless agree that these three items are in the top three ratings. There is a similar relationship for the next three sets of items.
- (b) Although both males and females generally agree that MONEY/PART-TIME JOB is highly important as shown in the second graph in Figure 5, they disagree as to what the next most important items are. Males tend to rank CAREER, RETIREMENT, and PATRIOTISM high. These items can be characterized as the rewards of belonging to an organization, as opposed to the more individualistic responses of change of pace and learn a skill for women. The items associated with the rewards obtainable from being a member of an institution (retirement, career, etc.) have lower importance for women in general.
- (c) In general, men are more willing to travel a significant distance more than women. However, both feel that generally their Reserve job is unrelated to their civilian job.

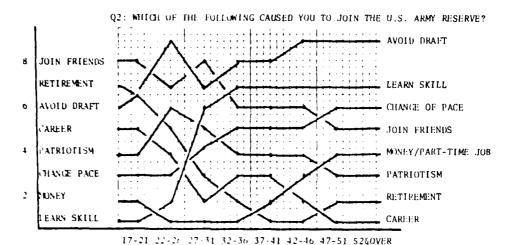
(5) Marital Status.

(a) As shown in the first graph of Figure 6, married Reservists tend to display the same relative importance as males in Figure 5. Although single men displayed somewhat different ratings, for the most part, the ratings in the first graph of Figure 5 are the same by Marital Status. The only major exception is the rating for the importance of the recruiter.

Figure 4.



17-21 22-26 27-31 32 36 37-41 42-46 47-51 52&OVER



QSB: WHAT IS THE DISTARCE YOU WOULD BE WILLING TO TRAVEL?

6 MORE THAN 50

26-35 MILES

16-25 MILES

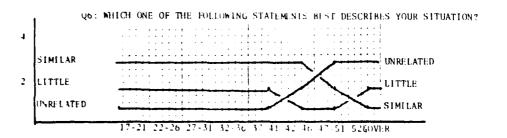
16-25 MILES

26-35 MILES

16-25 MILES

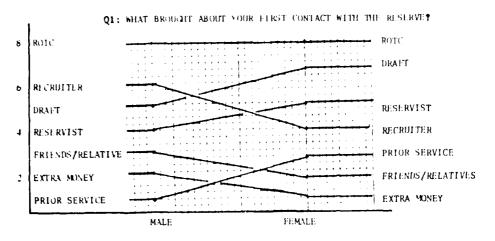
0-5 MILES

0-5 MILES

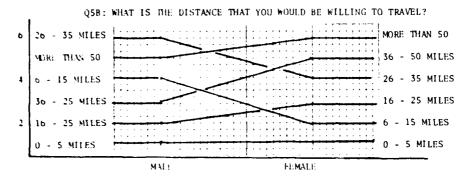


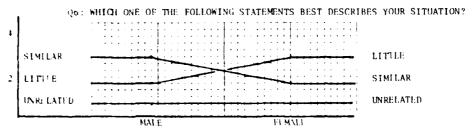
17-21 22-26 27:31 32-36 37-41 42-46 47-51 5260VER

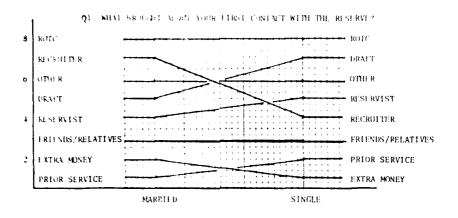
Figure 5.



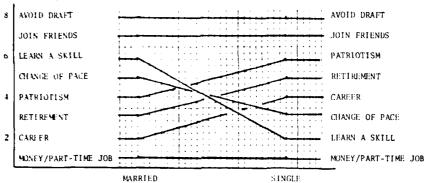
Q2: WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING CAUSED YOU TO JOIN THE U.S. ARMY RESERVE? AVOID DRAFT AVOID DRAFT OTHER JOIN FRIENDS JOIN FRIENDS LEARN SKILLS PATRIOTISM CHANGE OF PACE CAREER RETIREMENT PATRIOTISM RETUREMENT LEARN A SKILL CHANGE OF PACE CARLER MONEY/PART-TIME JOB MONEY/PART-TIME JOB-FEMALE



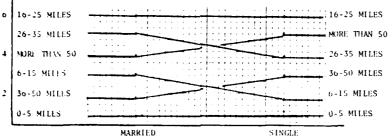




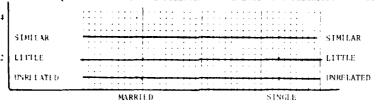
Q2: WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING CAUSED YOU TO JOIN THE U.S. ARMY RESERVE?



QSB: WHAT IS THE DISTANCE THAT YOU WOULD BE WILLING TO TRAVEL?



Q6: WHICH ONE OF THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS BEST DESCRIBES YOUR SITUATION?



- (b) The second graph of Figure 5, however, shows different ratings by Marital Status. From this figure, it can be seen that married Reservists tend to rate institutional items the most important, while single Reservists tend to rate individualistic items the most important.
- (c) The third graph in Figure 5 indicates that married Reservists are willing to travel somewhat longer distances to get to the Reserve Center (about 5 miles more) than single Reservists. Finally, both agree that their Reserve job is unrelated or has little resemblence to their civilian job.

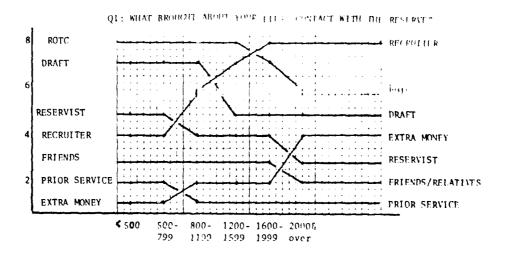
(6) Civilian Income.

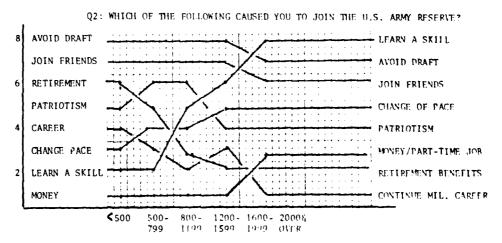
- (a) The first graph of Figure 7 shows that, as Civilian Income increases, the importance of EXTRA MONEY decreases. This is probably because the Reserve pay becomes a smaller part of the individual's total income as the civilian income increases that it is no longer as major a consideration to the Reservist. Also, Civilian Income, Age, and Rank are correlated variables. The implication is that higher Civilian Income probably is accompanied by higher Age, Rank, and Time in the Reserves. This also increases the importance of Prior Service, Retirement Benefits, etc. (The items associated with the institution vs. individual reward.) This relationship can also be observed in the second graph of Figure 7.
- (b) The third graph of Figure 7 also shows that Reservists with higher Civilian Income are more willing to travel longer distance to the Reserve Center. Finally, most agree that their Reserve job has little or no similarity to their civilian job.

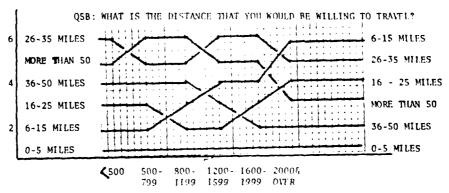
(7) Education.

- (a) As seen in the first graph of Figure 8, EXTRA MONEY and PRIOR SER-VICE are important considerations, regardless of the level of Education. However, the recruiter's influence seems to be strongest for non-high school graduates and falls off as education level increases.
- (b) A similar relationship can be seen in the second graph of Figure 8 for Learn A Skill. The importance of Learning A Skill falls off rapidly as Education increases. This seems consistent since higher educated individuals probably obtained higher levels of skills in the process of being educated, and therefore, would have less need for the Reserves to impart additional skills. As the individual's education increases, the individual is more likely to rate institutional items as more important vs. individualistic items for the individuals with lower education levels.
- (c) The third graph of Figure 8 shows that higher educated individuals are also willing to travel longer distances to the Reserve Center than less educated individuals. Finally, for the most part, Reservists tend to think that their Reserve job has little or no similarity with their civilian jobs, regardless of education level.

Figure 7.







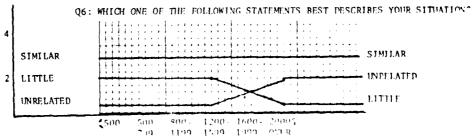
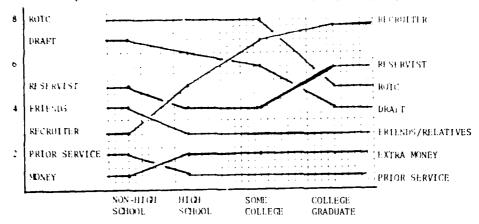
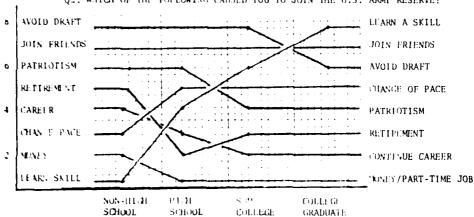


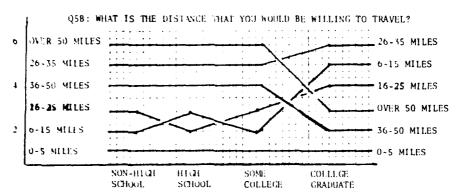
Figure 8.

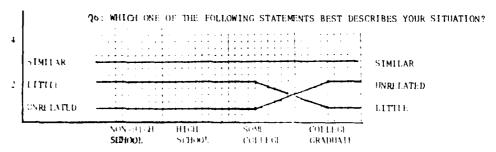
Q1: WHAT BROUGHT ABOUT YOUR FIRST CONTACT WITH THE RESERVE?



Q2: WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING CAUSED YOU TO JOIN THE U.S. ARMY RESERVE?







(8) Civilian Occupation.

- (a) Graphs for the four questions by Civilian Occupation have not been prepared for two reasons. First, although there are differences by occupation, the differences are small (as indicated by the high W). Secondly, because there is no natural ordering of the occupations (like rank, for instance by E1-E9), any graph would not be able to depict a trend or shift in order of importance as occupation changed.
- (b) With the exceptions of farmers, all occupations indicated that PRIOR SERVICE, EXTRA MONEY, and FRIENDS AND RELATIVES were the major importance in their first contact with the Reserves. Farmers, however, felt that the DRAFT was the third most important. They all agreed that MONEY/PART-TIME JOB was the most important consideration for joining the Reserve with RETIREMENT BENEFITS generally important.
- (c) Although there is a difference in the distance each occupation is willing to drive to the Reserve Center, the clerical occupation desires to travel the significantly smallest distance (19.5 miles on the average), and farmers are willing to travel the most distance (33.1 miles on the average). Finally, they all agree that their Reserve job has little to no resemblence to their civilian job.

10. Conclusions.

The analysis discussed herein indicates that individuals in the Reserve have considerations with different importances, depending upon their Age, Sex, Education level, Civilian Income, Marital Status, Time in the Reserves, and Rank. However, as a group, the Reservists also generally agree on the importance of some issues regardless of individual characeristics. This report has discussed some of the similarities and differences in the importance ratings of the Reservists. Also, summary data was presented to enable the reader to make observations which are not included herein. All of the data are available for any subsequent analyses at the US Army Recruiting Command, Program Analysis and Evaluation Directorate. Ft Sheridan, IL 60037.

APPENDIX A

SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE

This questionnaire was developed to help provide information to the Reserve Command and USAPLC in order to make intelligent decisions on the use of resources. You can help by taking a few minutes to answer the questions as honestly as possible. No names are required and the information will be treated confidentially. Thank you for your cooperation.

Uni	tRank/Grade_	Time in Reserve	Age
Sex	Marital Status	No. of Children Zip Code	<u> </u>
Cou	ntyCivilian Occup	ation	
Civ	ilian Occupation Income	No. Years Education	
1.	What brought about your first	contact with the Reserve?	
	O Looking for extra money/pa: O Prior service O Friends/relatives O Draft	rt time job O ROTC O Recruiter O Reservist O Other (explain)	
2.	Which of the following caused indicate more than one, show	you to join the U.S. Army Reserve.	If you ,
	O Money/part time job O Retirement/Veteran's Benefi O Learn Skill O Change of Pace O Continue Military Career	0 Avoid Draft 0 Patriotism 0 Join Friends 0 Other	
3.	How do you get to your Reserve	e Center?	
	O Public Transportation (bus O Privately Owned Vehicle (ca	, subway, etc.) O Car Pool ar, van, motorcycle) O Other (Expl	ain)
4.	What is the time and distance	that you travel from home to Reser	ve Center?
	Time	Distance	

5.	What is the time and distance that	you would be willing to travel?
6.	Which one of the following statemen	nts hest describes your situation?
	O Much of what I do in the Reserve O Very little of what I do in the O Nothing I do in the Reserve rela	Reserve relates to my regular job.
7.	Why do you participate in the Army	Reserve program: Check one only.
	O Educational benefits O Retirement benefits O To do something different O Enjoyment O Service to country	O Meet other people O Develop skills/Enhance career O Extra money O Companionship O Other (explain)
8.		er, which of the following has proven you indicate more than one, show numbered
	O Educational benefits O Retirement benefits O To do something different O Enjoyment O Service to country	O Meet other people O Develop skills/Enhance career O Extra money O Companionship O Other (explain)
9.	What one thing about the Army Reser program?	ve would you change to improve the
	O Increase benefits O Better organization O Improve quality of recruit O Increase discipline O Other	O Improve training O Increase promotion possibility O Reduce administration paperwork O Vary annual training O Revise drill schedule

APPENDIX B

SUMMARY OF RESPONSES

BY

QUESTION

ВҮ

ATTRIBUTE

QUESTION	PAGE	ATTRIBUTE	PAGE*
1	B-1.3	Rank	.1
2	B-2.1	Time In Reserve	.2
3	B-3.1	Age	.3
4A	B-4.1	Sex	.4
4 B	B-5, 1	Marital Status	.5
5A	B-6.1	Civilian Occupation	.6
5B	B-7.1	Civilian Income	.7
6	B-8.1	Civilian Education	.8
8	B-9.1		
9	B-10.1		

^{*} Question 3 for Sex would be Page B-3.4, for example.

COUNTIEM IS WHAT BROUGHT ABOUT YOUR FIRST CONTACT WITH THE RESERVE.

·	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY RANK OFFICER E1 E2 E2	PONDING TO E1	QUESTION B	BY RANK E3	E4	in Li	E¢	£7	л	E9	ROW Z
EXTRA MONEY	12.20	31.70	26.90	30.10	36.30	26.10 (2.0)	20,70	14.40	%.70 (4.0)	9.40 (4.0)	85.65 80.65
PRIOR SERVICE	32.60	11.40	11.90	16.20	27.40 (2.0)	32.10	32.90	30.80	39.00	37.10	28.50
FRIENDS/RELATIVES	1.10 (8.0)	.70	1.00	1.10	2.50 (7.0)	3.10	2.20 (8.0)	1.60	(8.0)	(7.5)	13.80 (3.0)
DRAFT	6.80	6.50	6.40	5.40	3.00	5.30 (5.0)	10.00	14.20	12.40	9.90	7.20 (5.0)
ROTC	18.50	3.70	3.90	2.70 (7.0)	1.30	1.80	3.00 (7.0)	4. 00.3)	3.30	2.00 (6.0)	4.00 (0.0)
RECRUITER	2.20 (7.0)	17.50 (2.0)	19.90	13.00	8.20 (4.0)	5.00	3.50 (6.0)	3.70	2.80	2.50	6.70 (6.0)
RESERVIST	8.70 (4.0)	6.30	6.60	8.50 (4.0)	9.60	10.60	11.70	11.90	12.00 (3.0)	12.90	10.10
OTHER	7.30	5.70 (6.0)	6.20	7.30	6.20	6.10	6.30 (5.0)	6.90	5.70	.10	6.40 (7.0)
% OF RESPONDENTS	9.40	3.90	5.70	6.70	17.80	23.60	18.10	11.30	3.00	09.	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	= 33299	. 66:									
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	RDANCE =	.71988									
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC	11	50.39167 WITH		EES OF FRE	7 DEGREES OF FREEDOM, SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	IFICANCE L	EVEL #	00000			

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
4. COLUMN SUMB THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
3. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION 1: WHAT BROUGHT ABOUT YOUR FIRST CONTACT WITH THE RESERVE.

	PERCENT RES LESS THAN 1 YEAR	ESS THAN 1 TO 3 1 YEAR YEARS	QUESTION 4 TO 6 YEARS	GUESTION BY TIME IN RESERVE 4 TO 6 7 TO 9 10 TO 12 YEARS YEARS YEARS	N RESERVE 10 10 12 YEARS	13 TO 15 YEARS	16 TO 20 YEARS	21 TO 25 YEARS	26 AND OVER	ROW X
EXTRA MONEY	24.80	27.70	29.60	19.10 (2.0)	17.80	12.70 (4.0)	7.70	9.50	10.40	23.20 (2.0)
PRIOR SERVICE	29.40	26.10	26.90	30.60	27.90	29.20	36.30	35.20	43.00	28.60
FRIENDS/RELATIVES	12.10	15.00	15.50	11.30	11.90	13.70	12.50	14.40	15.50	13.80
DRAFT	4.00	3.10 (7.0)	2.10 (8.0)	14.00	18.70 (2.0)	16.60	12.20	8.00	6.50	7.20
ROTC	3.20	2.30	2.30	6.90	6.20	7.10 (6.0)	8.60	8.90	3.50	4.00
RECRUITER	11.60	9.20	6.70	3.60	3.10 (8.0)	2.20 (8.0)	3.60	3.10 (8.0)	3.00	6.70
RESERVIST	8.90	10.00	10.20	8.50 (5.0)	9.80	12.00	12.00	11.60	11.70	10.00
OTHER	6.10	6.80	6.70	6.00	4.70 (7.0)	6.50	7.20 (7.0)	9.30	6.30	6.40
% OF RESPONDENTS	10.20	32.20	20.30	11.60	10.80	5.20	4.30	2.50	2.80	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	19 19	33009								
COEFFICIENT OF CONCOR AVERAGE RANK CORRELAT	CORDANCE #	.65658								
CHI~SQUARE TEST STAT	ATISTIC =	43.76852 WITH		REES OF FF	7 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =	GNIFICANCE	LEVEL =	00000.		

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE KANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE Z DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESFONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO KOUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE Z OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN Z) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN Z).

QUESTION 1: WHAT EROUGHT ABOUT YOUR FIRST CONTACT WITH THE RESERVE.

	PERCENT RE 17 TO 21 YEARS	SPONDING 1 22 TO 26 YEARS	FO QUESTION 27 TO 31 YEARS	BY AGE 32 TO 36 YEARS	37 TO 41 YEARS	# 42 8	TO 46 YEAKS	47 TO SI YEARS	52 AND OVER	KOW X
EXTRA MUNEY	28.70	00°6	23.40	22.00	19. 6 0 (2.0)	22	15.30 (2.0)	12.90	10.50	23.10 (2.0)
PRIOR SERVICE	11.40	26.40	28.30	30.80	32.20	8.3	36.20	44.90	51.80	28.60
FRIENDS/RELATIVES	18.70	14.00	12.20	13.40	14.00	86	12.80	12.10	9.20	13.80
DRAFT	6.30	3.00	11.30	8.80 (5.0)	7.40	23	6.30 (6.5)	4.30	4.00	7.30
ROTC	3.20	3.00	5.40	3.80	4.20	8.5	6.20 (6.5)	2.20	1.40	4.00 (8.0)
RECRUITER	13.90	8.50	4.20 (8.0)	3.80	3.90	83	3.80 (6.9)	3.20	3.00	6.60
RESERVIST	6.30	9.50	9.10 (5.0)	11.40	11.90	83	6.00 0.00	12.80		10.10
ОТНЕЯ	6.50	6.60 (6.0)	6.00	6.10	6.80 (6.0)	22	6,60 (5,0)	7.60	7,30	6.40
% OF RESPONDENTS	12.40	19.70	22.70	20.80	10.90	8	90.90	4.60	2.10	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	#	32862								
COEFFICIENT OF CONDORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	CORDANCE =	.78757								
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =	ATISTIC =	44.10416 WITH		7 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	REEDOM.	SIGNIF	TCANCE	LEVEL =	00000	

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

OUESTION I: WHAT BROUGHT ABOUT YOUR FIRST CONTACT WITH THE RESERVE.

	PERCENT RES MALE	PONDING TO FEMALE	PERCENT RESPONDING TO GUESTION BY MALE FEMALE ROW 2	y ≤£x	
			1		
EXTRA MÜNEY	22.10	30.00	23.20		
PRIUR SERVICE	1.00	(3.0)	(1.0)		
FRIENDS/RELATIVES	13.00	19.20	13.80		
	(3.0)	(5.0)	(3.0)		
DRAFT	8.00	2.40	7.30		
	(2.0)	(7.0)	(2.0)		
ROTC	4.40	1.50	4.00		
	(8.0)	(8.0)	(8.0)		
RECRUITER	6.10	10.50	6.70		
	(6.5)	(4.0)	(0.9)		
RESERVIST	10.30	8.90	10.10	•	
	(4.0)	(2.2)	(4.0)		
OTHER	6.10	8.90	6.40		
	(6.5)	(3.3)	(7.0)		
% OF RESPONDENTS	86.80	13.20			
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	£6 ₩	33161			

.87202 COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE = AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION ==

.057 12.20833 WITH 7 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL = CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

NOTES:

1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE KANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X. DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FM. LEFT

2. OLUMPS SUMS MAY NOT BE EXAC. Y 100% DUE TO ROUNDING.

3. TO FIND THE X OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).

4. TO FIND A ROW X DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X).

OUESTION 1: WHAT BROUGHT ABOUT YOUR FIRST CONTACT WITH THE RESERVE.

	PERCENT RESI	SINGLE	CUESTION BY ROW X	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUECITON BY MARITAL STATUS MARKIED SINGLE KOW X	
EXTRA MONEY	21.00	26.70	23.00		
PRIOR SERVICE	31.70	23.00	28.70 (1.0)		
FRIENDS/RELATIVES	12.90	15.30	13.70 (3.0)		
DRAFT	8.30 (5.0)	5.40	7.30		
ROTC	4.40	3.50 8.0)	4.10		
RECRUITER	4.50	10.50	6.60		
RESERVIST	11.00	8.70	10.20		
OTHER	6.20	6.90	6.50		
% OF RESPONDENTS	64.80	35.20			
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	= 35	32538			
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE =	.80952			

CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC = 12.66667 WITH 7 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =

· 0%

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COCUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR A COCUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT (COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100X DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE X OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (X OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW X DISTRIBUTION PY COLUMN: (X OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) / (ROW X).

CHECTERN DE BRECT DAGROUT AFORT YOU'S FIRST COURSE WITH THE PASSING.

0

	PERCENT RE PROFES - JONNIL	SPONDING TO MANAGERS	PERCENT RESPONDING TO OURSITON BY FROITS - MANAGERS CLERICAL JUNIO.		CIVILIAN OCCUPATION SALES CROFFINEN OPFRATIVE	ON PERALIVE	CERVICE	LABUKER	+ Akel F	Figure 2.
EXTRA MONEY	10.00	10,30	22,40	16.90	22.30	22.00 (2.0)	23.80	26.00	24.20	22.10 (2.0)
PRIOR SERVICE	30.20	31.20	22.50	26.50	29.60	31.30	33,10	27.60	24.20	29.40
FRIENDS/RELATIVES	13.70	14.30	18.70	12.70	14.80	13.90	12.00	13.70	8.30 (6.9)	13.90
DRAFT	9.20	. 9.30 (9.0)	2.90	12.00	6.50	7.40	5.90	6.30	12.10	7.70
ROTC	7.00	5.30	1.90	7.90	1.80	1.60	3.00	2.30	5.30	4.10
RECRUITER	4.20	00.4 (0.8)	8.30	4.90	6.70	6.50	5.10	7.40	9.10	5.70
RESERVIST	10.00	10.90	8.30 (8.4.5)	11.50	11.80	10.80	10.80 (4.0)	10.50	10.20	10.50
ОТНЕЯ	7.50	6.70	7.50	7.60	6.10	5.70	6.30	5,70	6.00	6.50
% OF RESPONDENTS	22.70	15.10	5.70	4.20	7.80	09.9	11.90	25.10	1.00	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	n N	= 27643								
CDEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE ≈ ATION =	.86729								
CHI-SOUARE TEST STATISTIC	ATISTIC =	54.63889 WITH		7 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	EEDOM. SIG	NIFICANCE	LEVEL =	00000.		

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANYS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
(COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100X DUC TO KOUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE X OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROWACOLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (X OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW X DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (X OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) X (KWW X).

QUESTION 1: WHAT BROUGHT ABOUT YOUR FIRST CONTACT WITH THE RESERVE.

	PERCENT RE 499/MONTH AND LESS	SPONDING T 500-799 PER MONTH		D QUESTION BY CIVILIAN INCOME 800-1199 1200-1599 1600-1999 PER MONTH PER MONTH PER MONTH	AN INCOME 1600-1999 PER MONTH	2000 AND OVER	ROW %	
EXTRA MONEY	28.50	30.30	26.70	21.80	16.70	11.80	22.30	
	0.1.0	0.5	(2.0)	(2.0)	(5.6)	5 *	(5.6)	
PRIOR SERVICE	22.90	23.80	28.00	31.50	33.00	32.30	29.60	
FRIENDS/RELATIVES	13.20	16.40	14.30	12.90	14.30	12.90	14.00 (3.0)	
<u> Likaft</u>	5.90	3.20	5.60	8.20	9.60	11.20	7.40	
RÜTC	3.70 (8.0)	1.50	2.60 (8.0)	3.90	5.20	8.10 (6.0)	4.00 (8.0)	
RECRUITER	11.20	10.10	6.40	4.20 (7.0)	3.90	3.40	5.60	
RESERVIST	8,30	8.50	9.90	11.20	11.60	11.90	10.50	
OTHER	6.20	6.30	6.50	6.40	5.80 (6.0)	7.90	6.50	
% OF RESPONDENTS	3.90	11.90	29.00	26.10	14.80	14.30		
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	4	21200						
COEFFICIENT OF ONC AVERAGE RANK C 'REL	ONCORDANCE = FELATION =	.84392						
CHI-SQUARE (EST STATISTIC	ATISTIC =	35.44444 WITH		GREES OF F	REEDOM. SI	7 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	LEVEL =	. 00000

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE KANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING.
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION 1: WHAT ERGUGHT ABOUT YOUR FIRST CONTACT WITH THE RESERVE.

	PERCENT RE NON HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION NON HIGH SOME SCHOOL SCHOOL COLLEGE GRADUATE	OUESTION SOME COLLEGE	BY CIVILIAN COLLEGE GRADUATE	EDUCATION ROM %	
EXTRA MONEY	30.90	24.60	22.10 (2.0)	19.30	23.00	
PRIOR SERVICE	18.40	29.40	30.70	29.00	28.70	
FRIENDS/RELATIVES	14.70	14.70	13.90	11.70	13.80	
DRAFT	5.70 (7.0)	6.00	6.80	10.70	7.20	
ROTC	2.00	1.60	3.10	10.50	4.10 (8.0)	
RECRUITER	14.80	7.10	5.60	3.30 (8.0)	6.50 (6.5)	
RESERVIST	7.50	10.70	10.70	9.80 (6.0)	10.20	
ОТНЕЯ	6.10	6.00	7.00	6.80 (7.0)	6.50	
% OF RESPONDENTS	9.60	37.70	30.20	22.40		
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	n n	31927				
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE =	.79539				
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC	ATISTIC =	22.27083 WITH		REES OF FREE	EDOM. SIGNIF	7 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL

.00231

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN FARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONDENTS).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) x (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION 2: WHAT CAUSED YOU TO JOIN THE USAR.

~ ;	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY RANK OFFICER	ONDING TO	QUESTION E	3Y RANK E3	E4	in in	E&	E7	88	E9	ROW %
MONEY PART-TIME JUB	43.60	38.00 (2.0)	36.10 (2.0)	40.90	46.80	46.30	42.80	35.60 (3.0)	28.10 (4.0)	31.10	42.40
RETIREMENT BENEFITS	34.60 (3.0)	12.90	12.10 (6.0)	15.80	23.90	33.90 (2.0)	37.20	36.90 (2.0)	37.40	37.26	30.00 (3.0)
LEARN A SKILL	7.80	55.60	51.00	44.50	30.00	19.30	11.90	7.90	7.90	2.80 (9.9)	22.60 (5.5)
CHANGE OF PACE	17.80	27.60	27.90	30.70 (3.0)	26.80 (3.0)	24.20 (4.0)	21.70 (5.0)	17.90	16.80 (6.0)	11.20	23.40
CONTINUE MIL CAREER	47.20	11.50 (6.0)	12.90	17.30	25.60	32.10 (3.0)	35.60 (3.0)	37.40	45.90	54.90	31.30
AVOID THE DRAFT	8.70	10.20	11.20	8.90 (8.0)	5.40 (8.0)	7.70	12.30 (7.0)	16.20	11.30	7.30	9.70 (8.0)
PATRIOTISM	29.50	14.80	12.70	17.50 (4.0)	18.00	21.50	23.70 (4.0)	26.00	32.90	39.00 (2.0)	22.00 (5.5)
JOIN FRIENDS	10.00	8.40 (8.0)	7.20	9.40	11.40	13.70	15.10 (6.0)	15.10 (7.0)	18.80 (5.0)	15.60	12.60
ОТНЕК	11.00	5.70	4.40	6.20	4.30	5.60 (9.0)	5.30 (9.0)	6.40	8.30 (8.0)	7.80	6.00
% OF RESPONDENTS	9.40	3.90	5.80	6.70	17.80	23.50	18.60	11.30	3.10	09.	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	= 33952	52									
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	RDANCE = TION =	.55333									
CHI-SOUARE TEST STATISTIC	H	47.84000 WITH		8 DEGREES OF FRE	EDOM. SIG	FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	EVEL =	000000			

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMN SARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).
5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCRED 100% SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

CUESTION 2: WHAT CAUSED YOU TO JOIN THE USAR.

	PERCENT RELLESS THAN	PERCENT RESPONDING TO LESS THAN 1 TO 3	•	BY TIME IN	N RESERVE 10 TO 12	13 TO 15	16 TO 20	21 10 25	26 AND	ROW %
•	1 YEAK	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	OVER	
MONEY PART-TIME JUB	41.00	44.60	47.10	44.00	42.20	37.40	28.40	28.20	30.70	42.60
RETIREMENT BENEFITS	22.60	24.40	31.60	34.00	34.10 (2.0)	37.60	40.80	38.00	41.40	30.10
LEARN A SKILL	33.60	30.00	24.20 (5.0)	13.30	10.80	9.20 (8.0)	8.60	7.70 (8.0)	7.20 (7.0)	22.00
CHANGE OF PACE	24.50	27.70	27.60	17.80	17.60	15.30 (6.0)	14.40	15.70 (6.0)	13.00	23.20
CUNTINUE MIL CAREER	27.80	26.30	28.90 (3.0)	34.40	32.80 (3.0)	34.60	46.80	47.20	57.40	31.30
AVOID THE DRAFT	6.90	6.00	5.50 (9.6)	16.70	20.20	19.00	12.10 (7.0)	5.40	4.10	9.60
PATRIOTISM	19.10 (6.0)	20.10	21.20	22.20 (4.0)	20.20	23.30	29.20	35.90	36.60	21.90
JOIN FRIENDS	9.30 (7.0)	11.20 (7.0)	12.90 (7.0)	12.50 (8.0)	13.50	14.20 (7.0)	15.40	19.20	19.40	12.50
ОТНЕК	5.10	5.60	5.70 (8.0)	6.10	5.80	6.10	8.70	10.00	7.00	6.00
% OF RESPONDENTS	10.30	32.30	20.50	11.50	10.70	\$ 20	4.30	2.50	2.80	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	ió u	33651								
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE =	.69866								
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC	ATISTIC =	50.30370 WITH		REES OF FF	REEDOM. SI	8 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =	LEVEL =	00000		

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE TARRESTRUCTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS SIN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONDENTS).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).
5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED 100% SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

CLUESTION 2: WHAT CAUSED YOU TO JOIN THE USAR.

	PERCENT RE	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION		BY AGE	e e	4	,	, (,)	
ı	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS		YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	CVER	Z MON
MONEY PART-TIME JOB	37.70	47.10	47.30	44.90	39.80	33.30	28.60	26.20	42.50
	(0.7)	6:1	1.0	6:1	0.7	3	÷	· ·	6:1
RETIREMENT BENEFITS	10.30	19.00	27.70	36.50	42.50	46.90	49.70	47.00	30.00
LEARN A SKILL	52.40	31.00	17.50	13.50	13.10	8.20	8.30	7.90	22.00
CHANGE OF PACE	29.10	27.90	22.40	22.30	20.60	19.60	15.70	12.70	23.40
CONTINUE MIL CAREER	10.80	25.80	30.10	34.90	39.30	42.90	52.90	56.50	31.30
AVOID THE DRAFT	10.30	5.80	13.90	11.90	9.20 (8.0)	6.00	3.50	3.20	9.70
PATRIOTISM	13.00	17.60	20.60	24.80	26.10	30.40	32.60	37.10	22.10
JOIN FRIENDS	7.10	9.40	12.80	14.20	15.30	17.50	17.90	17.10	12.60
отнея	6.00	5.90	5.50	5.90	6.00	6.80	7.10	6.30	6.00
% OF RESPONDENTS	12.50	19.70	22.60	20.80	10.90	6.90	%.90	2.10	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	en H	= 33455							
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	RDANCE =	.72409 .68467.							

NOTES:

1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT

2. COLUMN SUMS AND NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).

3. COCLUMN THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).

4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED 100% SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

.00000

8 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL

46.34166 WITH

CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

PARTICION DE MHAT CAUSED YOU TO JOIN THE USAR.

PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY SEX MALE FEMALE ROW X

40.80 52.70 42.40 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0)	31.50 20.10 30.00 (3.0) (4.0) (3.0)	20.00 34.70 22.00 (6.0) (3.0) (5.5)	21.30 36.80 23.40 (5.0) (2.0) (4.0)	33.30 18.20 31.30 (2.0) (5.0) (2.0)	10.20 5.90 9.60 (8.0) (9.0) (8.0)	22.80 16.40 22.00 (4.0) (6.0) (5.5)	13.20 9.20 12.60 (7.0) (7.0) (7.0)	5.60 8.10 6.00 (9.0) (8.0) (9.0)	86.80 13.20	= 33827	
MONEY PART-TIME JOB	RETIREMENT BENEFITS	LEARN A SKILL	CHANGE OF PACE	CONTINUE MIL CAREER	AVOID THE DRAFT	PATRIOTISM	JOIN FRIENDS	OTHER	% OF RESPONDENTS	TOTAL RESPONDENTS	TOTAL RESPONDENTS COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION

NOTES:

1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT (COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXCHIT 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).

3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROWACOLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).

4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %).

5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED 100% SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WENE ALLOWED.

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CONTAINING THE WHAT CAUSED YOU TO JOIN THE USAK.

PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY MARITAL STATUS MARRIED SINGLE ROW χ

MONEY PART-TIME JOB	41.60	44.30	42. 60 (1.0)	
RETIREMENT BENEFITS	35.20	21.10	30.20 (3.0)	
LEARN A SKILL	15.40	33.20	21.70 (6.0)	
CHANGE OF PACE	20.90	27.90	23.40	
CONTINUE MIL CAREER	35.90	23.50	31.50 (2.0)	
AVOID THE DRAFT	10.30	8.50 (3.0)	9.70 (8.0)	
PATRICTISM	24.50	18.10	22,20 (5,0)	
JOIN FRIENDS	14.40	9.60	12.76	
ОТНЕК	5.90	6.20 (9.0)	6.06	
% OF RESPONDENTS	64.80	35.20		
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	# 33	33165		
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	DANCE =	.73333		
- ALASEANDER TEST STATISTIC =		13 84447 W	13 8447 HITH & DECREES OF EDEEDOM CICNIFICANCE FUE	CTCNTC

13.86667 WITH 8 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

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NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE 2. DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE 2. DISTRIBUTION FOR BOUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE 2. OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROWACOLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN 2) X (2 OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW 2 DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (2 OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN 2) / (ROW 2).
5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCRED 1002 SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

OSENTION ..: MINE COURTE YOU OF JOHN THE USAK.

- '	TENCENT RE- FRUFES- STONAL	SPUNDING 1 MANAGERS	TROTES MANAGERS CLEATER. STONE BY STONE BY STONE S CLEATER.		CIVILIAN OCCUPATION SALES CRAFTSMEN OF LIGHTIVE	ON FERATIVE	SERVICE	LABUNERS	FARMURO	KOW Z
posta Socialine son	43.30	41.60	\$3.10 (-1.0)	41.40	40.60	39.10 (-1.0)	45.30	39.90	36.40	42.10
METIMEMENT BENESTYS	34.80 (3.0)	32.20	24.10	32.60	34.40	33.50	33.30 (3.0)	28.00	24.80	32.00 (3.0)
LEHKN A STILL	14.10	12.50	02.25	14.60	22.20	22.60	19.10	27.00	23.30 (5.0)	19.70
CHANGE OF PACE	22.80	20.40	31.20	22.50 (5.0)	20.20 (6.0)	20.60	22.40 (5.0)	24.60	22.60	23.00
CONTINUE MIL CAREER	33.40	24.90 (4.0)	23,90	32.60 (2.5)	32.80	31.70	36.50	29.00	25.20	32.60
AVAID THE DRAFT	11.80	11.80	6.00 (0.3)	13.70	9.70 (8.0)	0.10	%.30 (8.0)	8.70 (8.0)	17.00	10.00
FATKLUTISM	25.40	25.30	17.10	24.60	23.90	19.90	23.20	20.30	24.80 (8.80	22.90
JOIN PRIENDS	12.40	13.70	9.70	14.30	13.60	12.30	12.70	14.90	18.50	13.30
OTHER	7.70	6.90 (9.6)	5.90	7.30	4.80	4.50 (9.0)	5.90	4.40 (9.0)	3.00	5.90
% of Kespondents	22.30	15.10	5.60	4.20	7.80	09.9	11.30	25.10	06.	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	a 87	28152								
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORI AVERAGE KANK CORRELATI	(DANCE = TION =	.89641								
CHI-SCUARE TEST STATE	13716 =	65.37037 WITH		KEES OF FR	8 DEGKEES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	NIFICANCE	TEVEL =	00000.		

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN FARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR THE FESSIONS.
3. TO FIND THE X OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (X OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A KOW X DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (X OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) / (KOW X).
5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED TOOX SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

OUESTION 2: WHAT CAUSED YOU TO JOIN THE USAR.

	PERCENT RE 499/MGNTH AND LESS	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY CIVILIAN INCOME 499/MONTH 500-799 800-1199 1200-1599 1600-1999 AND LESS PER MONTH	O QUESTION 800-1199 PER MONTH	QUESTION BY CIVILIAN INCOME 800-1199 1200-1599 1600-1999 ER MONTH PER MONTH	AN INCOME 1600-1999 PER MONTH	2000 AND OVER	ROW X
MONEY PART-TIME JUB	45.00	46.50	47.60	44.10	37.80	31.90	42.80 (1.0)
RETIREMENT BENEFITS	18.00	22.40	30.20	36.40 (2.0)	38.40	36.70 (2.0)	32.60
LEARN A SKILL	40.00	36.40	23.40	15.60 (6.0)	10.90	9.80 (8.0)	19.80 (6.0)
CHANGE OF PACE	27.00	25.00	24.70	22.40	21.30	21.90	23.30
CONTINUE MIL CAREER	26.50	25.20	30.40	35.40 (3.0)	39.00	41.40	33.80
AVOID THE DRAFT	7.90 (8.0)	6.40	8.0 9.0	10.80 (8.0)	11.70 (7.0)	14.10 (7.0)	9.90
PATRIOTISM	19.20	16.90	21.20	23.90	28.10	31.40	23.80
JOIN FRIENDS	10.30	9.60	12.80	13.40 (7.0)	16.40	15.70 (6.0)	13.90 (7.0)
OTHER	5.60	4.50	5.50	5.80	6.20	8.30 (9.0)	6.00
% OF RESPONDENTS	3.90	11.90	28.90	26.00	14.90	14.30	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	И	21553					
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE =	.78981	·				

37.91111 WITH

CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

8 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL

NUTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE FANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR AN OF BE EXPORTED.
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROWACOLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) / (ROW X).
5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED 100% SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

MINISTION 2: WHAT CAUSED YOU TO JOIN THE USAR.

PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY CIVILIAN EDUCATION	SOME COLLEGE ROW %	GRADUATE		
QUESTION	SCME	COLLEGE		
SPONDING TO	HIGH	SCHOOL	GRADUATE	
PERCENT RE	NON HIGH	SCHOOL	GRADUATE	

ſ	CRADOMIE	CKALICATE			
MONEY PART-TIME JUB	35.50 (2.0)	41.40	44.80	44.60	57.40 (1.0)
RETIREMENT BENEFITS	18.50	30.60	32.20 (3.0)	32.30 (3.0)	30.30 (3.0)
LEARN A SKILL	43.60	25.70 (4.0)	19.00	10.10	21.90
CHANGE OF PACE	23.40	23.70 (5.0)	24.10 (5.0)	22.50	23.50
CONTINUE MIL CAREER	19.10	30.20	33.90	36.30	31.60
AVOID THE DRAFT	9.20	8.30 (8.0)	9.10	13.10	9.70 (8.0)
PATRIOTISM	13.10 (6.0)	20.70	24.50	25.80	22.20 (5.0)
JOIN FRIENDS	10.50	13.50 (7.0)	12.90	12.10 (7.0)	12.70
OTHER	4.80	4.30	6.50	8.90 (9.0)	6.00 (9.0)
% OF RESPONDENTS	9.80	37.60	30.10	22.50	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	e H	32476			
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	RDANCE =	.81250			
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC	TISTIC =	26.00000 WITH		8 DEGREES OF FREEDOM.	EEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVE

.00000 ᇜ

NOTES:

1. NUMBERS IN FARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT

(COLUMN SUME SONT DE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).

3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) x (% OF RESPONDENTS).

4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) x (COLUMN %).

5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED 100% SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

PORTS FOR DE POW TO YOUR GLE TO YOUR RESERVE CENTER.

	LUGINENT RES LOFILER	CLACENT RESPONDING TO COCHICA BY RANK OFFICER. E. E. E.	SUCH FOR I	DY RONK E3	F. 4	ن ت	93	[7]	33 33	63	3. 3.03
PUBLIE THANS	01.1	8.7	98.6	06.9	4.90	09.5	0.50	06.	33,	03.	
PRIVATE VEHICLE	(9.5. 04.33 (9.1.9	(8.35) (8.35)	50.60	65.20	71.00	75.50	77.30	00:03	70.30	99:45 99:45 99:45	74.10 (1.0)
cAK Poot	12.60	27.50	64.47 (0.47)	24.60	21.10	20.00 .00.00 .00.00	20.20 20.20 20.00	18.30	19.50 (5.50	07.91 97.91	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200
OTHER	03. (0.4.)	7.00	7.80	5.30 (4.0)	3.10	1.70	.90	0.4)		3.4 (0.4)	04.50
2. OF RESPONDENTS	9.40	3.90	9°.80	02.7	17.80	23.50	18.00	11.30	9.10	09.	
TUTAL RESPONDENTS	ર્ભ પ	33912									
CUEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	CORDANCE = -ATION =	1,00000					,				
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =	TATISTIC =	30.00000 WITH		REES OF FR	3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =	NIFICANCE	LEVEL =	000000			

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR THE FESPONDENTS).
3. TO FIND THE X OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (X OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW X DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (X OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) / (ROW X).

DUESTION 3: HOW DO YOU GET TO YOUR RESERVE CENTER.

THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF

	PERCENT REG LESS THAN 1 YEAR	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY TIME IN RESERVE LESS THAN 1 TO 3 4 TO 6 7 TO 9 10 TO 12 1 YEAR YEARS YEARS YEARS YEARS	WESTION 4 TO 6 YEARS	BY TIME IN 7 TO 9 YEARS	/ TIME IN RESERVE 7 TO 9 TO TO 12 YEARS YEARS	13 TO 15 YEARS	16 TO 20 YEARS	16 TO 20 21 TO 25 YEARS YEARS	26 AND OVER	ROW X
PUBLIC TRANS	5.60	4.80	3.30	2.10	1.50	.90	1.00	.70	1.30	3,30
PRIVATE VEHICLE	67.90	69.60 (1.0)	76.10 (1.0)	78.20 17.00	78.90	80.10	81.30	79.70	81.20	74.50
CAR POOL	21.90	22.00	18.80	17.40	18,50	18.10 (2.0)	17.10 (2.0)	19.10 (2.0)	16.90	19.80 (2.0)
OTHER	4.60	3.60	1.80	1.10 (4.0)	1.20	.80	.60	.50	.60	2.40
% OF RESPONDENTS	10.20	32.30	20.40	11.60	10,80	5.20	4.30	2.50	2.80	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	ю н	= 33167								
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ACORDANCE =	1,00000								
CH1-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =	STATISTIC =	27,00000 WITH 3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	TH 3 DE	GREES OF F	:REEDOM. SI	(GNIFICANC	E LEVEL ≈	00000		

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONDENTS).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION 3: HOW DO YOU GET TO YOUR RESERVE CENTER.

	PERCENT RE 17 TO 21 YEARS	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY 17 TO 21 22 TO 26 27 TO 31 32 YEARS YEARS YEARS	O QUESTION 27 TO 31 YEARS	BY AGE 32 TO 36 YEARS	37 TO 41 YEARS	42 TO 46 YEARS	47 TO 51 YEARS	52 AND ÖVER	ROW %
PUBLIC TRANS	7.90	4.60	2.80	1.90	1.70	1.40	.90	.80	%.% (0.6)
PRIVATE VEHICLE	58,80	70.30	75.70	73.40	73.60	79.70	79.00	\$2.70 (1.0)	74.10
CAR POOL	25.70 (2.0)	21.40	19.80	18.90	18.60	18.10	19.10	15.60	20.30
OTHER	7.60	.20	1.70	.80. (0.4)	1.10 (4.0)	08. (4.0)	1.00	.80	2.40
% OF RESPONDENTS	12.30	19.60	22.70	20.90	10.90	6.90	4.60	2.10	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	ii	33030							
CUEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE =	93906							
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =	ATISTIC =	22.53750 WITH		GREES OF F	REEDOM. SI	3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL *	LEVEL =	000000	

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONDENTS OF COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

CUESTION 3: HOW DO YOU GET TO YOUR RESERVE CENTER.

# #	% OF RESPONDENTS 86.70 13.30 TOTAL RESPONDENTS = 53329	IR POOL 20.30 19.80 20.20 (2.0) (2.0)		FERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY SEX MALE FEMALE FOW X 3.00 5.70 3.30 (3.0) (3.0) (3.0) 74.50 71.60 74.10 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) 20.30 19.80 20.20 (2.0) (2.0) (2.0) 2.20 3.30 2.40 (4.0) (4.0) 86.70 13.30 FIDANCE = 1.00000	FEMALE F FEMALE F 5.70 (3.0) 71.60 (1.0) 19.80 (2.0) 3.30 (4.0) (4.0) 13.30 13.30 13.30	3.00 (3.0) 74.50 (1.0) 20.30 (2.0) 2.20 (4.0) 86.70 86.70	FUBLIC TRANS FRIVATE VEHICLE CAR POOL OTHER TOTAL RESPONDENTS TOTAL RESPONDENTS COEFFICIENT OF CONV
I		2.20 3.30 (4.0) (4.0) 86.70 13.30 s = 33329 s = 1.00000	SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =	6.00000 WITH 3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =	6.00000 WITH	2	CHI-SQUAKE TEST STATISTIC =
86.70				2.40	3.30 (4.0)	2.20 (4.0)	нек
20.30 19.80 (2.0) (2.0) 2.20 3.30 (4.0) (4.0) 86.70 13.30	20.30 19.80 (2.0) (2.0) 2.20 3.30 (4.0) (4.0)			74.10 (1.0)	71.60	74.50	IVATE VEHICLE
74.50 71.60 (1.0) (1.0) 20.30 19.80 (2.0) (2.0) 2.20 3.30 (4.0) (4.0) 86.70 13.30	VEHICLE 74.50 71.60 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (2.0) (2.0) (2.0) (2.0) (2.0) (4.0) (4.0)	74.50 71.60 (1.0) (1.0)		3.30 (3.0)	5.70	3.00 (3.0)	BLIC TRANS
3.00 5.70 (3.0) (3.0) (3.0) (3.0) (3.0) (3.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (2.0) (2.0) (2.0) (2.0) (2.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0)	SANS 3.00 5.70 (3.0) (3.0) (3.0) (3.0) (3.0) (4.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (2.0) (2.0) (2.0) (2.0) (2.0) (2.0) (4.0) (4.0)	3.00 5.70 (3.0) (3.0) 74.50 71.60 (1.0) (1.0)		UESTION BY SEX ROW X 	PONDING TO QL FEMALE F	PERCENT RES MALE	

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- NOTES:
 1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
 2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
 2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR OWNDING.
 3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
 4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION 3: HOW DO YOU GET TO YOUR RESERVE CENTER.

	PERCENT RESPONDING TO MARKIED SINGLE	FONDING TO SINGLE	O
PUBLIC TRANS	1.70	5.70	3.10 (3.0)
PRIVATE VEHICLE	77.20	69.60	73.30 (1.0)
CAR POOL	19.80	21.00	20.20 (2.0)
OTHER	1.30	4.20	2.30
% OF RESPONDENTS	64.90	35.10	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	= 32705	203	

COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE = AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION =

CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

. 042

6.00000 WITH 3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =

NOTES:

1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMN OF BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).

3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).

4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

CUENTION 3: HOW DO YOU GET TO YOUR NESERVE CENTER.

	PERCENT REPROPESSIONAL	SPONDING TO MANAGERS	CLERICAL	CIVILIAN OCCUPATION SALES CRAFISMEN OPERATIVE	OCCUPATION OF	ON PERATIVE	SERVICE	SERVICE LABORERS	FARMERS	ROW %
PUBLIC TRANS	1.70	1.90	ა. 70 0.00	1.80	1.20	2.80	3,20	3,10	08. (0.4)	2.50
PRIVATE VEHICLE	80.90		72.50	75.60	79.40	77.20	77.00	69.80	61.10	76.20
CAR POOL	16.50 (2.0)	17.50	19.30 (2.0)	21.20	17.60	13.40	18.60	24.60	35.80	19.70
отнек	.90	1.00	2.60	1.40	1.80	1,50	1.20	2.50	2.30 (3.0)	1.60
% OF RESPONDENTS	22.90	15.10	5.70	4.20	7.70	09.9	11.80	25.10	1.00	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	II	27820								
COEFFICIENT OF CONCO AVERAGE RANK CORRELA	ORDANCE =	.93086								
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =	ATISTIC =	25.13333 WITH		3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	.DOM. SIG	VIFICANCE	LEVEL =	. 00000		

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE TAILING FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS AND BE EXACTLY 100% DO FOUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION 3: HOW DO YOU GET TO YOUR RESERVE CENTER.

	A997MONTH AND LESS F	SPONDING T 500-799 ER MONTH	TO QUESTION SCO-1199 PER MONTH	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY CIVILIAN INCOME 499/MONTH 500-799 8:00-1199 12:00-15/99 16:00-19/99 AND LESS PER MONTH PER M	N INCOME 600-1999 ER MÜNTH	2000 AND OVER	ROW X
PUBLIC TRANS	4.40	5.00	3.10	1.70	1.00	.70	2.40
PRIVATE VEHICLE	66.80	69.90	75.20	79.30	77.70	79.80	76.30
CAR POOL	24.30	20.80	19.90	18.30	20.50	18.80	19.70 (2.0)
ОТНЕЯ	4.40	4.30 (4.0)	1.90	.70	.80	.70	1.60
% OF RESPONDENTS	3.90	11.90	28.90	26.00	14.90	14.30	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	# 2	21340					
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	CORDANCE =	. 94444 . 93333					
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =	TATISTIC =	17.00000 WITH		3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	EEDOM. SI	GNIFICANCE	LEVEL =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONDENTY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

.00000

QUESTION 3: HOW DO YOU GET TO YOUR RESERVE CENTER.

	PERCENT RE NON HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE	SPONDING TO HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE	QUESTION SOME COLLEGE	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY CIVILIAN EDUCATION NON HIGH SOME COLLEGE ROW X SCHOOL SCHOOL COLLEGE GRADUATE GRADUATE GRADUATE	EDUCATION ROM X
	7.70	3.40	3.00 (3.0)	1.40	3.30 (3.0)
	61.90	71.80	75.90	81.00	74.20
	23.30	22.60	19.30	16.50	20.30
	7.00	2.20 (4.0)	1.70	1.00	2.20 (4.0)
% OF RESPONDENTS	9.50	37.60	30.20	22.60	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	e II	= 32082			
홏끭	COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE = AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION =	1.00000			

CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

.00700

12.00000 WITH 3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
(COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

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QUESTION 4A: WHAT IS THE TIME YOU TRAVEL FROM HOME TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

,	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY RANK OFFICER E1 E2 53	PONDING TO	O QUESTION E2	BY RANK	E4	S.	E6	E7	E8	E9	ROW X
20 MINUTES OR LESS AVG= 12.2 SD= 6.6	43.10	52.40	53.50 (1.0)	56.00	55.50	56.20	53.70	49.70	45.60	37.00	52.90
21 TO 40 MINUTES AVG= 30.9 SD= 4.5	28.60	25.70 (2.0)	23.60	23.40	25.30	25.60	26.30	28.00	29.70	25.00	26.10
41 TO 60 MINUTES AVG= 50.8 SD= 7.0	17.90	16.00	18.10	15.10	15.40	14.10	15.10	15.60	16.20	27.50	15.50
MGRE THAN 60 MINUTE AVG= 95.5 SD= 16.3	17.40	5.90	4.70	5.40	3.80	4.10 (4.0)	4.90	6.80	8.40	10.50	5.40
AVERAGE TIMES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	33.12 26.68	28.10 23.16	27.50	26.89 22.73	26.04 20.90	25.85	27.03 22.05	29.13 23.84	30.99 25.12	36.24	27.55
% OF RESPONDENTS	9.10	3.90	5.80	6.80	18.00	23.60	18.00	11.30	3.00	9.	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	320	2825									
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE =	REMOTE #	07440									

.96400 COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE = AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION =

28.92000 WITH 3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE & DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE & DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONDENTS.
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

WUESTION 4A: WHAT IS THE TIME YOU TRAVEL FROM HOME TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

	PERCENT RELESS THAN	PERCENT RESPONDING TO LESS THAN 1 TO 3 1 YEAR YEARS	GUESTION 4 TO 6 YEARS	BY TIME I 7 TO 9 YEARS	GUESTION BY TIME IN RESERVE 4 TO 6 7 TO 9 10 TO 12 YEARS YEARS YEARS	13 TO 15 YEARS	13 TO 15 16 TO 20 21 TO 25 YEARS YEARS YEARS	21 TO 25 YEARS	26 AND OVER	KOW %
20 MINUTES OR LESS	24.00	54.70	55.60	52.70	51.20	47.00	46,10	44.70	44.70	52.90
AVG= 12.2 SD= 6.6		(1.0)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(0.1)	(1.0)
21 TO 40 MINUTES		24.90	25.90	26.60	28.20	29.20	28.10	24.70	25 30	24.10
AV6= 30.9 SD= 4.5	(2.0)	(2.0)	(2.0)	(5.0)	(5.0)	(2.0)	(2.0)	(5.0)	(5.0)	(5.0)
41 TO 60 MINUTES	15.80	15.50	14.50	15.40	14.50	16.80	17.20	18.40	19.90	15.50
AVG≈ 50.8 SD= 7.0		(3.0)	(3.0)	(3.0)	(3.0)	(3.0)	(3.0)	(3.0)	(3.0)	(3.0)
MURE THAN 60 MINUTE		4.90	4.00	5.20	6.20	7.00	8.50	10.20	10.10	5.40
AV6= 95.5 SD= 16.3	(0.4)	(4.0)	(4.0)	(4.0)	(4.0)	(4.0)	(4.0)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(4.0)
AVERAGE TIMES	27.18	26.92	25.97	27.44	28.25	29.98	31.16	32.79	33,03	27.55
STANDARD DEVIATIONS		22.15	21.02	22.38	23.21	23.99	25.33	26.69	26.71	22.62
% OF RESPONDENTS	10.40	32.40	20.50	11.50	10.70	5.10	4.20	2.40	2.70	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	= 32841	2841								
		!								
COEFFICIENT OF CONCOR AVERAGE RANK CORRELAT	ORDANCE =	1.00000								

CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

• 00000

27.00000 WITH 3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMN ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMN SARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION 4A: WHAT IS THE TIME YOU TRAVEL FROM HOME TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

·	PERCENT RE 17 TO 21 YEARS	PERCENT RESPONDING TO GUESTION 17 TO 21 22 TO 26 27 TO 31 YEARS YEARS YEARS	27 TO 31 YEARS	BY AGE 32 TO 36 YEARS	37 TO 41 YEARS	42 TO 46 YEARS	47 TO 51 YEARS	52 AND OVER	ROW X
20 MINUTES OR LESS AVG= 12.2 SD= 6.6	55.30	56.90	53.30	51.90	49.00	49.50	47.80	49.40	52.90
21 TO 40 MINUTES AVG= 30.9 SD= 4.5	22.50	24.30	26.80	27.90	27.70 (2.0)	Ŭ	26.30	25.40	26.10
41 TO 60 MINUTES AVG= 50.8 SD= 7.0	16.70	14.50	15.20	14.70	16.40 (3.0)	16.30	18.90	17.20	15.60
MORE THAN 60 MINUTE AVG= 95.5 SD= 16.3	5.50 (0.4.0)	4.30	4.70	5.40	7.00	7.10 (4.0)	7.00	8.00 4.0)	3.50 4.0)
AVERAGE TIMES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	27.44	25.92	26.99 21.82	27.58 22.47	29.55	29.47 24.20	30.24	30.25 25.11	27.70
% OF RESPONDENTS	12.60	19.90	22.60	20.70	10.80	6.80	4.50	2.10	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	W	32377							
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE =	1.00000							
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC -	ATISTIC -	24.00000 WITH		SREES OF F	REEDOM. S	3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =	LEVEL =	00000	

NOTES!

1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT

(COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).

3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION! (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).

4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN! (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION 4A: WHAT IS THE TIME YOU TRAVEL FROM HOME TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

'Y SEX									4.20000 WITH 3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL
PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY SEX	52.90 (1.0)	26.10	15.60	5.40	27.60				ITH 3 DEGR
PONDING TO FEMALE	13.60 (3.0)	26.50	14.90	4.40 (4.0)	21.62	13.30	£89	.40000	4.20000 W
PERCENT RESI	36.40 (1.0)	26.00	15.70	5.60	31.90	86.70	= 32683	DANCE #	ISTIC =
ā į	20 MINUTES OR LESS AVG= 12.2 SD= 6.6	21 TO 40 MINUTES AVG* 30.9 SD= 4.5	41 TO 60 MINUTES AVG= 50.8 SD= 7.0	MORE THAN 60 MINUTE AVG= 95.5 SD= 16.3	AVERAGE TIMES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	% OF RESPONDENTS	TOTAL RESPONDENTS	COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

375

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION 4A: WHAT IS THE TIME YOU TRAVEL FROM HOME TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

	PERCENT RES MARRIED	PONDING TO SINGLE	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY MARITAL STATUS MARRIED SINGLE ROW X	MARITAL S	STATUS
20 MINUTES OR LESS	08.10	54.60	52.80		
AVG= 12.2 SD= 6.6	1.0	(1.0)	(1.0)		
21 TO 40 MINUTES	26.80	25.20	26.20		
AVG= 30.9 SD= 4.5	(2.0)	(2.0)	(2.0)		
41 TO 60 MINUTES	15.60	15,50	15.50		
AVG= 50.8 SD= 7.0	(3.0)	(3.0)	(3.0)		
MORE THAN 60 MINUTE	5.80	4.80	5.40		
AVG= 95.5 SD= 16.3	(4.0)	(4.0)	(4.0)		
AVERAGE TIMES	28.06	26.91	27.57		
STANDARD DEVIATIONS	22.98	22.02	22.62		
% OF RESPONDENTS	64.60	35.40			
	,				
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	32032	032			
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	RDANCE #	1.00000			

CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

. 042

6.00000 WITH 3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
(COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

CUESTION 44: WHAT IS THE TIME YOU TRAVEL FROM HOME TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

- I	PERCENT RE PROFES- SIONAL	SPONDING TO	CLERICAL	Y CIVILIAN SALES CF	CIVILIAN OCCUPATION SALES CRAFTSHEN OPERATIVE	ON PERATIVE	SERVICE	LABORERS	FARMERS	RO₩ %
20 MINUTES OR LESS AVG= 12.2 SD= 6.6	48.00	50.80	55.50 (1.0)	54.90	52.50	54.10	52.60	55.70	43.70	52.40
21 TO 40 MINUTES AVG= 30.9 SD= 4.5	23.80	26.50 (2.0)	25.70 (2.0)	24.80 (2.0)	26.20 (2.0)	26.20	26.80	25.00	21.10	26.50 (2.0)
41 TO 60 MINUTES AVG= 50.8 SD= 7.0	16.20	15.90 (3.0)	14.50	13.60	16.60	15.40	15.70	15.30	27.50	15.70
MORE THAN 60 MINUTE AVG= 95.5 SD= 16.3	7.00	6.70	4.20	6.70	4.70	4.30	5.00	4.10 (4.0)	7.70	5.50
AVERAGE TIMES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	29.67	28.86 23.88	26.09 21.27	27.67	27.42	26.63 21.43	27.45	26.21 21.24	33.17 25.20	27.81
% OF RESPONDENTS	22.40	15,10	5.70	4.10	7.80	6.60	11.90	25.50	06.	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	# 7	27212								
COEFFICIENT OF CONCOR AVERAGE RANK CORRELAT	RDANCE =	.96049								
CHI-SQUARE TEST STAT	TISTIC =	25.93333 WITH		EES OF FRE	EEDOM. SIG	3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	revel =	00000		

NOTES:

1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT

3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).

4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

CUESTION 4A: WHAT IS THE TIME YOU TRAVEL FROM HOME TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

									00000
ROW X	52.60	26.30	16.20	5.50	28.03 22.68				רבּאבּר ≈
2000 AND OVER	47.60	28.20	16.70	8.00	30.64	14.00			3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL ≈
AN INCOME 1600-1999 PER MONTH	50.70	27.00	14.50	5.70	27.34	14.90			REEDOM. SIC
ERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY CIVILIAN INCOME 997/MONTH 500-799 800-1199 1200-1599 1600-1999 AND LESS PER MONTH P	52.40	27.70	14.50	5.30	27.38 22.36	26.00			REES OF FR
800-1199 ER MONTH P	54.20	25.40	15.40	5.00	27.06	29.10			
SPONDING TO 500-799 PER MONTH P	56.80	23.10 (2.0)	16.10	4.00	26.07 21.30	12.10	805	1.00000	18.00000 WITH
PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY CIVILIAN INCOME 459/MONTH 500-759 800-1159 1200-1559 1600-1959 AND LESS PER MONTH	55.50	24.90	13.30	6.30	27.24 23.42	4.00	= 20805	NDANCE =	IISTIC =
	20 MINUTES OR LESS AVG= 12.2 SD= 6.6	21 TO 40 MINUTES AVG= 30.9 SD= 4.5	41 TO 60 MINUTES AVG= 50.8 SD= 7.0	MORE THAN 60 MINUTE AVG= 95.5 5D= 16.3	AVERAGE TIMES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	% OF RESPONDENTS	TOTAL RESPONDENTS	COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONDENTS (COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION 4A: WHAT IS THE TIME YOU TRAVEL FROM HOME TO THE MESERVE CENTER.

FERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY CIVILIAN EDUCATION NON HIGH SOME COLLEGE ROW 2 SCHOOL SCHOOL COLLEGE GRADUATE GRADUATE GRADUATE	20 MINUTES OR LESS 56.10 54.10 53.60 48.10 52.80 AVG= 12.2 SD= 6.6 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0)	21 TO 40 MINUTES 23.20 25.90 25.70 28.70 26.20 AVG= 30.9 SD= 4.5 (2.0) (2.0) (2.0) (2.0)	41 TO 60 MINUTES 15.50 15.50 15.40 15.70 15.50 AVE 50.8 SD= 7.0 (3.0) (3.0) (3.0) (3.0)	THAN 60 MINUTE 5.20 4.50 5.30 7.50 5.50 95.5 5D= 16.3 (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0)	AVERAGE TIMES 26.85 26.77 27.37 29.87 27.66 STANDARD DEVIATIONS 22.56 21.67 22.52 24.43 22.71	% OF RESPONDENTS 9.90 38.00 30.20 22.00	TOTAL RESPONDENTS = 31423	COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE = 1.00000 AVERAGE FANK CORRELATION = 1.00000	CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC = 12.00000 WITH 3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =
	20 MINUTES AVG# 12.2	21 TG 40 M AVG≈ 30.9	41 TO 60 M AVG= 50.8	MOKE THAN AVG≈ 95.5	AVERAGE TIMES STANDARD DEVI	% OF RESPO	TOTAL RESP	COEFFICIEN AVERAGE RA	CH1-SQUAR

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

.00700

OUESTION 4B: WHAT IS THE DISTANCE YOU TRAVEL TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

	PERCENT RE	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION OFFICER E1	QUESTION E2	BY KANK E3	£4	ES	E&	£7	ES	E 9	RUM Z
0 TO 5 MILES AV6= 2.8 SD= 1.7	17.30	32.70	32.80	34.80	32.40 (1.0)	29.80	25.90 (2.0)	22.70	18.40	15.50	27.80
6 TO 15 MILES AVG= 10.7 SD= 3.0	29.40	27.30	26.10 (2.0)	26.90 (2.0)	29.20	30.40	31,50	30.70	30.60	24.00	17.76 (11.0)
16 TO 15 MILES AVG= 20.9 SD= 2.9	18.80	14.40	17.90	15.90 (3.0)	16.90	17.90	18.20 (3.0)	18.90	20.60	22.50	17.80
26 TO 35 MILES AVG= 31.2 SD= 2.8	11.30	10.20	9.40	9.30	9.30 (4.0)	9.70	10.60	10.30	%.30 (6.0)	12.00	10.00 (4.0)
36 TO 50 MILES AVG= 43.9 SD= 4.6	9.80	8.10 (9.0)	8.20 5.0)	6.90	7.30	6.80 (5.0)	7.50	8.50 6.0)	10.20	13.00 (4.5)	7.50 (5.0)
MGRE THAN SO MILES AVG= 75.3 SD= 18.6	13.50	7.30	5.60	6.20	4.90	5.40	6.30	8.90 (5.0)	10.80 (4.0)	13,00 (4,5)	7.00
AVENGGE MILES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	25.55	19.03 20.84	18.20 19.31	17.78 19.76	17.36 18.48	17.91	19.24 19.53	21.52	23.61	26.94 23.63	19.49
% OF RESPONDENTS	9.20	3.90	5.80	6.70	17.90	23.60	17.90	11.30	3.00	09.	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	ió H	33067									
CHEFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE CVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE =	.84314									
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC	ATISTIC =	42.15714 WITH		S DEGREES OF FR	FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	NIFICANCE	רבאבר =	000000			

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS 1
2. NUMBERS 1
(CCLUMN 8
3. TO FIND 7
4. TO FIND A

IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.

IN COLUMNS ARE THE X. DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).

THE X OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROWACOLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (X OF RESPONDENTS).

A ROW X DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (X OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) / (ROW X).

PRESTION 4ET WHAT IS THE DISTANCE YOU TRAVEL TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

	PENCENT RE	PERCENT RESPONDING TO	NEI TSTUG		HENERVE					
	LEUS THAN I YEAR	1 TO 3 YEAKS	4 10 6 YEAK	7 TO 9 YEAKS	10 TO 12 YEARS	13 TO 15 YEARS	16 TO 20 YEARS	21 TO 25 YEARS	26 AND OVER	ROW 2
		30.90	29.70	25.30	23.40	21.30	19.20	20.70	22.20	27.80
AV6 SE- 1.7	3 .1)	(1.0)	3.6	3 .:	6:3	6.2.0)	(5.0)	(5.0)	(5.0)	(5.0)
6 TU 15 MILES		06.02	30.80	31.00	31.50	30.20	28.30	29.30	26.50	29.70
Av6= 10.7 SD= 3.0	3:10	(0.11)	(1.0)	(1.0)	1.0	(0.1)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(0.1)	(1.0)
to TU 25 MILES	17.40	16.30	17.90	13.70	17.40	17,30	13.20	17.70	18.30	17.80
AV6= 20.0 ≤0= 2.9		(0.6)	(3.6)	3.6	ô.º	0.80	(3.0)	(0.8)	(3.6)	(0.5)
26 TO 35 MILLS		9.90	8.8	10.00	10.10	12.10	12.00	8.00	9.70	10.00
AV6= 31.2 50= 2.8	(o.4)	(0.4)	(4.0)	(0.4)	(4.0)	(4.0)	(4.0)	(0.9)	(6.0)	(4.0)
36 TO 50 MILES	7.30	7.30	7.10	8.10	7.30	06.8	10.20	12.20	10.80	7.80
AVG= 43.9 00 4.6	~	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.8)	(0.3)	(2.0)	(0.9)	(4.0)	(2.0)	(0.20)
MUKE THAN SO MILES	6.20	6.20	5.30	6.80	s.30	8.20	11.40	12.10	12.60	7.00
AVG= 75.3 SD= 18.6	~	6.6	(0.9)	(0.4)	6.0	(0.9)	(3.0)	(8.0)	(4.0)	(0.0)
AVERHGE MILES		18.43	17.85	19.73	20.69	21.72	24.20	24.38	24.54	19.40
STANDARD DEVIATIONS	19.67	19.66	18.71	20.00	20.99	20.96	23.13	23.81	24.04	20.25
% OF RESPONDENTS	10,40	32,40	20.50	11.50	10.70	5.10	4.20	2.40	2.70	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	8 11	33086								
COEFFICIENT OF CONCO AVERAGE RANK CORRELA	ORDANCE = ATION =	.88254								
CH1-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC	ATISTIC =	40.30159 WITH		KEES OF FR	EEDOM. SIO	5 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =	LEVEL =	00000.		

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN FAKENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE & DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO KOUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE & OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) / (ROW X).

QUESTION 4B: WHAT IS THE DISTANCE YOU TRAVEL TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

	ı	PERCENT RE 17 TO 21 YEARS	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION 17 TO 21 22 TO 26 27 TO 31 YEARS YEARS YEARS	O GUESTION 27 10 st YEAKS	BY AGE 32 TO 36 YEARS	37 TO 41 YEARS	42 TO 46 YEARS	47 TO 51 YEARS	52 AND OVER	ROW X
0 TO 5 MILES AVG= 2.6 SD=	1.7	33.90	33.00	27.60	25.10	22.10 (2.0)	03.60 (0.2.)	23.90	26.40 (2.0)	27.80
6 TO 15 MILES AVG= 10.7 SD=	3.0	26.00 (2.0)	28.70 (2.0)	30.40	31.60	31.00	30.20 02.08	27.50	29.40 (1.0)	29.70
16 TO 25 MILES AVG= 20.9 SD=	9.	15.70	16.50	18.30	18.90 (3.0)	18.80	17.70	18.60	13.70	17.80
26 TO 35 MILES AVG= 31.2 SD=	% 33	%.50 (4. 0)	9.50 (9.4)	10.00	10.10	10.70	11.00	10.50	7.30	10.00
36 TO 50 MILES AVG= 43.9 SD=	4. ج	02.30 (5.0)	7.00	7.30	7.30	0.30 (5.0)	୍ଚ୍ଚ ଜୁନ୍ଦ (୨.୯)	9.20	3.60 (5.6)	7.80
MOKE THAN 50 MILES AVG= 75.3 SD= 18.6	8 8 8 6	6.70	5.20	6.40	7.10	0.50 (6.0)	9.10	10.30	9.60	7.00
AVERAGE MILES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	ONS	13.62 20.37	17.40	18.94	19.74	21.51	21.93	22.57	21.08	19.49 20.25
% OF RESPONDENTS		12.60	19.80	22.60	20.70	10.80	06.9	4.50	2.10	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	γo	()	= 32616							
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ONCO	RDANCE ≈ TION =	.90816							

CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN FARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %).

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36.78571 WITH 5 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =

OBESTION 45: WHAT IS THE DISTANCE YOU TRAVEL TO THE KASCRVE CENTER.

Ex											5 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =
PERCENT RESPONDING TO COUCSTION BY SEX	27.80	29.70 (1.0)	17.80	10.00	7.80	7.00	19.49 20.25				
PONDING TO B	31.90	30.60	17.50	8.60	6.00	5.40	17.21 18.69	13.30	221	.97143 .94286	9.71429 WITH
ERGENT REST	27.20	29.60 (-1.0)	17.90	10,20	8.10 (5.0)	7.20	19.83 20.42	96.70	= 32921	DANCE =	18110 =
<u>a</u> ;	0 TO 5 MILES AVG= 2.8 SD= 1.7	6 TO 15 MILES AVG= 10.7 SD= 3.0	16-TO 25 MILES AV64 20.0 SD= 2.9	26 TO 35 MILES AV6= 31.2 SE= 2.8	56-TO-50-MILES AVG= 43.9 SD= 4.6	MUKE THAN SO MILES AVO= 75.3 SD= 10.6	AVERAGE MILES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	% OF RESPONDENTS	TOTAL RESPONDENTS	COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	CHI-SOUARE TEST STATISTIC

97O.

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN FARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMNS FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THAT % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING.
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

CUESTION 40: WHAT IS THE DISTANCE YOU TRAVEL TO THE GESCRYE CENTER.

•	- 1	PERCENT RES	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTIO	QUESTION BY ROW X	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY MARITAL STATUS MARKED SINGLE ROW X
O 10 5 MILES AVõ≃ 2.8 SD≕	1.7	25.10 (2.0)	32.10	27.60	
6 TO 15 MILES AVG= 10,7 SD=	3.0	30.50	28.50 (2.0)	29.80	
16 TO 25 MILES AVG≈ 20,9 SD=	6. 6.	18.50 (3.0)	16.90 (3.0)	17.90	

9.90	7.80	7.00	19.49	
9.00	7.20	6.3 6.0)	18.19 19.76	35.40
10.40	8.10 (5.0)	7.40	20.21 20.48	64.60
26 TO 35 MILES AVG= 31.2 SD= 2.8	36 TO 50 MILES AV6= 43.9 SD= 4.6	MORE THAN SO MILES AVG= 75.3 SD= 18.6	AVERAGE MILES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	% OF RESPONDENTS

= 32275 TOTAL RESPONDENTS

.97143 COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE ** AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION **

.025 9.71429 WITH 5 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL ≈ CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
4. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROWACOLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROWACOLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION 4B: WHAT IS THE DISTANCE YOU TRAVEL TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

	PERCENT RE PROFES- SIONAL	PERCENT RESPONDING TO CHESTION BY CIVILIAN OCCUPATION FROFES - MANAGENS CLERICAL SALES CRAFTSMEN OPEN SIONAL	CLERICAL	BY CIVILIA SALES CI	CIVILIAN OCCUPATION SALES CRAFISMEN OPENATIVE	ON PERHTIVE	SERVICE	LABOKERS	FARMERS	ROW X
0 TO S MILES AVG= 2.8 SD= 1.7	22.90	23.80 (2.0)	31.40	25.10	25.40	28.20 (2.0)	26.90 (2.0)	30.00	13.10	26.30 (2.0)
6 TO 15 MILES AVG= 10.7 SD= 3.0	30.00	30.30	31.30	33.30	29.70 (1.0)	30.90	31.50	29.20	20.80	30.20
16 TO 25 MILES AVG= 20.9 SD= 2.9	18.80	19.00	17.90	17.00	19.60	17.30	17.60	17.10	17.30	18.10
26 TO 35 MILES AV6= 31.2 SD= 2.8	10.80	9.90	7.90	9.00 (4.0)	11.40	10.20	9.90	10.50	14.70	10.30
30 TO SO MILES AVG= 43.9 SD= 4.6	8.30	00°00 00°00 00°00	9.90 (9.90	6.90	8.60 (5.0)	7.90	7.30	7.60	18.10	8.00 5.0)
MORE THAN SO MILES AVG= 75.3 SD= 18.4	9.10	6 6 6 6	0°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°	8.70 (5.0)	5.30	5.50	08.9 (0.9)	5.60	15.40	7.10
AVEKAGE MILES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	21.65	21.10	16.84 18.22	20.21 21.39	19.31 18.76	18.50 18.99	19.22	18.37 19.13	30.44 24.56	19.82 20.29
% OF RESPONDENTS	22.50	15.10	5.70	4.10	7.80	6.60	11.90	25.30	%	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	#	27422								
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORD AVERAGE RANK CORRELATI	ORDANCE = ATION =	.78730								

CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X. DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
(COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE X OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (X OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW X DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (X OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) / (ROW X).

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35.42857 WITH 5 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =

CONSTION 48: WHAT IS ONE DISTANCE YOU TRAVEL TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

	'	PERCENT RE 4997MONTH AND LESS	SPONDING T 500-799 PER MONTH	O CUESTION SOC-1199 PER MONTH	1 BY CIVILIAN INCOME 1200-1589 1600-1999 PER MONTH PER MONTH	IAN INCOME 1600-1999 PER MONTH	2000 AND OVER	ROW X
0 TO S MILES AVG= 2.8 SD=	1.7	32.40	32.40	28.70 (2.0)	24.70	23.00 (2.0)	18.50	26.00 (2.0)
6 TO 15 MILES AVG= 10.7 SD=	o. ဗ	27.20	29.80 (2.0)	30.40	31.50	31.20	30.70	30.60
16 TO 25 MILES AVG+ 20.9 SD=	2.9	15.10	16.40	17.30	19.30	18.80 (3.0)	18.20	18.00
26 TO 35 MILES AVG= 31.2 SD=	9.	9.90 (4.0)	8.60 4. 0	10.20	10.00	10.00	11.60	10.10
36 TU 50 MILES AV6≃ 43.9 SD=	4.6	7.80	7.90	7.30	7.60	8.70 (5.0)	9.30	00°8 0°9°9
MORE THAN 50 MILES AVG= 75.3 SD= 18.6	LES 18.6	7.60	4.90 (6.0)	6.10	7.00	8.30 (0.9)	11.70	7.40
AVERAGE MILES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	IONS	19.21 21.02	17.36 18.57	18.65 19.47	19.82 20.05	21.10	24.12 23.20	20.00
% OF RESPONDENTS	v	4.00	12.10	29.00	25.90	14.90	14.10	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	TS.	II (A	= 20986					
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	CONCI	ORDANCE =	.92698 .91238					

CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

.00000

27.80952 WITH 5 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
3. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR DUE TO FOUNDING.
3. TO FIND THE X OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (X OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW X DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (X OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) / (ROW X).

PRESTION 488 WINT IS THE ECTANGE YOU TRAVEL TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

EDUCATION ROW %	27.60 (2.0)	29.90 (1.0)	17.90 (3.0)	10.00	7.70 5.0)	7.00	19.48 20.23			
EDUC ROM	(2)	87	17	01 04	, s	, ,	20 20			
PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY CIVILIAN NON-HIGH SOME COLLEGE SCHOOL SCHOOL COLLEGE GRADUATE GRADUATE	20.30	30.60	19.00	10.00	8.70 (6.0)	10.90	22.97 22.81	22.10		
BOBTION SOME NOTICEDO	27.70	30.80	18.00 (3.0)	9.70	7.00	6.30 (6.0)	19.05	30.10		
PONDING TO HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE	29.70	23.40 (2.0)	17.60	10,30	7.60	5.40	18.27	38.00	299	.87619
PERCENT RES NUN HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE	34.20	27.30	16.00	9.50	0.00 0.00	5.00	17.46 15.80	9.90	= 31662	RDANCE =
- ;	1.7	ဝ ဗ	9.	8	4.6	ES 8.6	Š		ψĵ	ONCOF RELA
	O TO S MILES AVG≃ Z.S SD≃	6 TO 15 MILES AVG= 10.7 SD=	16 TO 25 MILES AVG= 20.9 SD=	26 TO 35 MILES AV6= 01.2 SD=	36 TO 50 MILES AV6= 43.9 SD=	MORE THAN 50 MILES AVG= 75.3 SD= 18.6	AVERAGE MILES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	% OF RESPONDENTS	TOTAL RESPONDENTS	COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION

CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC .

.00266

18.14286 WITH 5 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
4. (COLUMN SUNS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DOWN DOWN).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION SA: WHAT IS THE TIME YOU ARE WILLING TO TRAVEL TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

	PERCENT RES OFFICER	SPONDING TO QUESTION BY RANK E1 E2	QUESTION E2	BY RANK E3	E 4	63	E6	£7	E3	63	ROW Z
20 MINUTES OR LESS AVG= 4.7 SD= 6.2	36.80 (1.0)	51.90	55.50 (1.0)	53.80	53.00	49.60	45.40	43.80 (1.0)	41.20	42.00	48.10 (1.0)
21 TO 40 MINUTES AVG= 30.9 SD= 3.7	20.20	22.50 (2.0)	$^{21.20}_{(-2.0)}$	21.40	23.20	24.60	25.40 (2.0)	22.90	21.40	17.60	8.63 8.63 9.63
41 TO 60 MINUTES AVG= 55.2 SD= 6.7	27.70	18.90	17.40	17.40	18.20 (3.0)	19.30	21.60	23.70	26.10 (2.0)	25.50 (2.0)	20.80 3.03
MORE THAN 60 MINUTE AVG= 101.3 SD= 15.5	15.30	6.70	5.90	7.40	5.50	6.50 (4.0)	7.60	9.50 (4.0)	11.30	14.90	7.90
AVERAGE TIMES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	38.76 34.33	26.61 28.79	24.74 23.01	26.24 29.43	25.28 27.53	27.17 23.45	29.60 29.38	31.84	34.40 32.29	36.58 34.00	ପ୍ର ଉଦ୍ ବ ୍ଷ ବ ୍ଷ
% OF RESPONDENTS	9.10	3.80	ø. 80	6.70	17.90	23.80	18.10	11.30	3.00	09.	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	10 4	1771									
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE = ATION =	. 89333									
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =	ATISTIC =	27.12000 WITH		REES OF FR	3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	NIFICANCE	LEVEL =	000000			

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN FARENTHESES ARE THE KANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONDENTS OF TO FIND THE X OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (X OF RESPONDENTS).
3. TO FIND A KOW X DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (X OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) / (KOW X).

OULSTION 50: WHAT IS THE TIME YOU ARE WILLING TO TRAVIL TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

	PERCENT RELESS THAN	FLACENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY TIME IN RESERVE LESS THAN 1 TO 3 4 TO 6 7 TO 9 TO 10 12 I YEAR YEARS YEARS YEARS YEARS	OUCSTION E 4 TO 6 YEAKS	N TINE IN 7 TO 9 YEAKS	N RESERVE 10 TO 12 YEARS	13 TO 15 YEAKS	16 10 20 YEARS	21 TO 25 YEARS	26 AND OVER	ROW X
20 MINUTES OR LESS AVG= 4.7 SD= 6.2	51.20	50.00	49.30 (1.0)	45.40	44.70	44.50	42.40	40.20	44.20	48.10 (1.0)
21 TO 40 MINUTES AVG= 30.9 SB= 3.7	21.60	08:57 (0:4)	24.00	24.20	25.60	23.20	19.70	18.70 (3.0)	15.00	23.30 (2.0)
41 TO 60 MINUTES AVG= 55.2 SD= 6.7	13.70 (3.0)	19.60 (3.0)	19.50	22.60 (3.0)	21.50	23.00	25.16 (2.0)	27.90	25.50	20.80 (3.0)
MORE THAN SO MINUTE AVG= 101.3 SD= 15.5	7.80	6.60 (4.0)	6.80 (9.4)	7.80	8.20	9.30 (4. 0)	12.80	13.20	15.30	7.90
AVERAGE TIMES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	27,34 29,84	27.21 28.63	27.41 28.78	29.93	30,13 29,83	31,35 30,90	34.90 33,45	36.44 33.56	36.29 35.36	28.94 29.83
% OF RESPONDENTS	10.30	32,40	20.60	11.60	10.90	5.10	4,20	2,30	2.70	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	(f)	31787								
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE FANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE =	.84198								
CHI-SQUARE TEST STAT	ATISTIC =	22.73333 WITH		EES OF FR	EEDOM. SI	3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =	LEVEL =	00000.		

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN FARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT (COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY LOCK DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION 5A: WHAT IS THE TIME YOU ARE WILLING TO TRAVIL TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

	17 T0 21 YEARS	22 TO 26 YEARS	10 10 1 22 10 26 27 10 31 YEARS YEARS	32 TO 36 YEARS	37 T0 41 YEARS	42 TO 46 YEARS	47 TO 51 YEARS	52 AND OVER	ROW X
e v	53.60	52.90	46.50	44.50	44.80	43.40	46.50	47.80	47.90
21 TO 40 MINUTES 2 AVG= 30.9 SD= 3.7 ()	21.20	23.60	25.30	25.10	22.90	20.10	18.00	16.80	23.30
41 TO 60 MINUTES 14 AVG= 55.2 SD= 6.7 (18.30	17.90	20.90	22.10	22.00	25.80	24.20	23.20 (2.0)	20.90
MURE THAN 60 MINUTE AV6≈ 101.3 SD≈ 15.5	6.90 4.00	5.70	7.20	8.30 (4.0)	10.20	10.80	11.30	12.20	7.90
AVERAGE TIMES STANDARD DEVIATIONS 2	26.16 29.05	25.43 27.67	28.83 29.05	30.45	31.66	33.43 32.17	32.55 32.83	32.60	28.99 29.83
% OF RESPONDENTS 1.	12.40	19.90	22.70	20.80	10.80	6.80	4.40	2.10	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	= 31	31336							
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	# II	. 89286							

21.75000 WITH 3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM, SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL = CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE KANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONDENTS).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

OUESTION SAF WHAT IS THE TIME YOU AKE WILLING TO TRAVEL TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY SEX MALE FEMALE ROW X

48.00 (1.0)	23.30 (2.0)	20.80 (3.0)	7.90	28.9 4 29.83			
49.80	25.30 (2.0)	19.20 (3.0)	5.70	26.53	13.40	534	1.00000
47.70	23.00 (2.0)	21.00	8.20 (4.0)	29.25	86.60	= 31634	DANCE =
20 MINUTES OR LESS AVG= 4,7 SD= 6.2	21 TO 40 MINUTES AV6= 30.9 SD= 3.7	41 TO 60 MINUTES AVG= 55.2 SD= 6.7	MORE THAN 60 MINUTE AVG= 101.3 SD= 15.5	AVERAGE TIMES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	% OF RESPONDENTS	TOTA' RESPONDENTS	COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE = AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION =

CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN FARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT (COLUMN SUMS POOR BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

.042

6.00000 WITH 3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =

QUESTION SA: WHAT IS THE TIME YOU ARE WILLING TO TRAVEL TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY MARITAL STATUS MARRIED SINGLE ROW X

20 MINUTES OR LESS AVG= 4.7 SD= 6.2	45.70	51.00	47.60	
21 TO 40 MINUTES AVG= 7.9 SD= 3.7	23.80	23.00	23.50 (2.0)	
41 TO 60 MINUTES AVG= 55.2 SD= 6.7	22.00	19.10	21.00	
MOKE THAN 60 MINUTE AVG= 101.3 SD= 15.5	8.50 (4.0)	6.80 (4.0)	7.90	
AVERAGE TIMES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	30.26 30.26	26.94 23.86	29.09 29.82	
X OF RESFONDENTS	64.80	35.20		
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	= 31001	100		
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ION #	1.00000		

CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN FARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT (COLUMN SUMS AND NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %), (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) x (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

.042

6.00000 WITH 3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM, SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =

QUESTION 54: WHAT IS THE TIME YOU ARE WILLING TO TRAVEL TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

Ψ !	PEWCENT RE PROFES- SIONAL	SPONDING T MANAGERS	-ERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY CIVILIAN OCCUPATION PROFES- MANAGERS CLERICAL SALES CRAFTSMEN OPEN SIONAL	BY CIVILIA SALES C	CIVILIAN OCCUPATION SALES CRAFTSMEN OFERATIVE	ON PERATIVE	SERVICE	LABORERS	FARMERS	ROW X
20 MINUTES OR LESS AVG= 4.7 SD= 6.2	40.30	44.00	50.70	43.80 (1.0)	46.40	50.30	44.60	54.10	51.10	46.90
21 TO 40 MINUTES AVG= 30.9 SD= 3.7	24.90	22.60	25.20	23.60	26.10 (2.0)	23.40 (2.0)	24.50	22.00	16.90	23.70
41 TO 60 MINUTES AVG= 55.2 SD= 6.7	24.00	24.20	18.60 (3.0)	23.20	19.20	18.80	23.10	18.20	23.60	21.40
MORE THAN 60 MINUTE AVG= 101.3 SD= 15.5	10.30	9.20	5.60	%.4°°	7.60	7.50	7.80	5.60	8.40	8.00 4.0)
AVERAGE TIMES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	33.78	31.73	26.11 27.50	31.68	23. 93 29.28	27.57 29.43	30.32 29.64	25.06	29.16 30.92	29.44 29.88
% OF RESPONDENTS	22.40	15.10	5.80	4.10	7.80	09.9	11.90	25.40	%	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	11	26374								
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	RDANCE =	.93086								
CHI-SQUARE TEST STAT	11ST1C =	25.13333 WITH		REES OF FR	3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	NIFICANCE	LEVEL =	00000		

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. COLUMN FOR MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100%, DUE TO KOUNDING.
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION 54: WHAT IS THE TIME YOU AND WILLING TO TRAVEL TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

									09000.
ROW %	44.60	24.50	22.10 (3.0)	8.80 (9.4)	30.78 30.40		٠		LEVEL =
2000 AND OVER	40.40	22.10 (3.0)	24.90	12.60	35, 24 33, 02	13.90			16.40000 WITH 3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL
AN INCOME 1600-1999 PER MONTH	40.50	24.30	26.10	9.10	33.04 30.51	14.80			REDOM. SIC
D GUESTION BY CIVILIAN INCOME SCO-1199 1200-1599 16:00-1999 PER MONTH PER MONTH	42.50	26.00	22.20	9.20	31.61	26.00			REES OF FF
SOC-1199 1	46.60	25.40	20.70	7.30	28.86 29.12	29.20			ITH 3 DEC
ERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY CIVILIAN INCOME **9/MONTH 500-799 SGO-1199 1200-1599 1600-1999 AND LESS PER MONTH P	52.30 (1.0)	23.20	18.20	6.40	26.16 28.41	12.00	105	. 89333	16.40000 4
PERCENT RESPONDING TO GUESTION BY CIVILIAN INCOME 4°9/MÖNTH 500-759 SGC-1199 1200-1599 1606-1599 AND LESS PER MONTH	50.40	20.60	20.00	8.90 (4. 0)	28.79 30.89	•.00	= 20105	PENCE #	ristic =
* 1	20 MINUTES OR LESS AVG= 4.7 SD= 6.2	21 TO 40 MINUTES AVG= 30.9 SD= 3.7	41 TO 60 MINUTES AVG= 55.2 SD= 6.7	MORE THAN 60 MINUTE AVG= 101.3 SD= 15.5	AVERAGE TIMES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	Z OF RESPONDENTS	TOTAL RESPONDENTS	COEFFICIENT OF CONJORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
3. NUMBERS LING ANY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FILM THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

MALETTON SAF WHAT IS THE TIME YOU ARE WILLING TO TRAVEL TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

PERCENT RESPONDING TO COLESTION BY CIVILIAN EDUCATION	OLLEGE ROW %	GRADUATE		
COLCATION BY	SUME	CULLEGE GR		
SPECIFICACION FO	H16H	J004136	GRADUATE	
PERCENT RE	NON HIGH	TOOHOG	GRADUATE	

LO MINUTES OR LESS AVG= 4.7 SD= 6.2	57.00 (1.0)	50.20	46.90	39.60	47.50	
21 TO 40 MINUTES AV6= 30.9 SD= 3.7	19.20	23.90	23.90 (2.0)	24.10	23.50	
41 TO 60 MINUTES AVG= 55.2 SD= 6.7	17.00	19.10	21.30	25.60	21.00	
MORE THAN 60 MINUTE AVG= 101.3 SD= 15.5	6.70	6.80	7.90	10.70	8.00 4.0)	
AVERAGE TIMES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	24.78 23.91	27.18	29.35 29.78	34.28 31.58	29.19 29.90	
% OF RESPONDENTS	9.80	38.00	30.20	22.10		
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	= 30411	411				

.92500 COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE = AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION = .01150 11.10000 WITH 3 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL = CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

- NOTES:
 1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE KANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS,
 2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE & DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
 2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE & DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONDENTS).
 3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
 4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

OUESTION SAF WIRT IS THE DISTRINCE THAT YOU ARE WILLING TO HEAVEL TO THE RESERVE LEATER.

	PENCENT RES OFFICER	SPONDING TO GUESTION BY KANK E1 E2 E	GUESTION E2	BY KANK E3	E4	ឆ្នាំ	E.6	£7	ى ت ا	E.	ROM %
0 TO 5 MILES AVG= .6 SD= 1.4	26.20 (1.0)	46.60 (1.0)	43.20 (1.0)	41.50	39.80	34.40	30.50	29.70	∑8.80 (1.0)	35.30	(0.17) (0.17)
6 TO 15 MILES AVG= 11.5 SD= 2.9	9.60	14.20	15.40 (2.0)	15.10	16.20	16.70	15.10	13.50	16.30	7.90	34.00
16 TO 25 MILES AVG= 21.7 SD= 2.6	13,30	13.70	13.20	14.20	15.30 (3.0)	15.90	17.60	15.20 (3.0)	15.00	11.60	15.40 (0.20)
26 TO 35 MILES AVG= 30.9 SD= 2.2	11.70	10.20	9.10	8.20	10.00	11.00	11.50	10.00	% % % % % %	7.40	10.40
36 TO 50 MILES AVG= 47.0 SD= 4.4	19,30	11.90	11.10	11.00	11.10	13.00	14.70	18.10	20.80 (2.0)	19.50	14.1 (4.0)
MORE THAN 50 MILES AVG≈ 73.7 SD≈ 19.0	19.90	9.50	8.00	10.00	7.70	9.10	10.50	13.60	16.00	18,40	10.% (5.%)
AVERAGE MILES STANBARD BEVIATIONS	32.49 29.47	21.07 25.06	19.22	20.64 25.36	19.79 23.52	22.25 24.43	24.46	27.33 27.13	29.76 28.28	29.57 30.08	13.67
% OF RESPONDENTS	9.10	3.80	5.80	6.70	18.00	23.80	18.00	11.30	90°	05.	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	E #	6861									
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE = ATION =	.65371									
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =	ATISTIC =	32.68571 WITH		REES OF FR	5 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	NIFICANCE	LEVEL =	, 00000			

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN FARENTHESES ARE THE KANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE EXACTY 100% DUE TO KOUNDING.
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

OUESTION 58: WHAT IS THE DISCONCE THAT YOU ARE WILLING TO TRAVEL TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

■ かっちょうのでは ■ かいかいかい ■ かいのいかい Miles

	# 1	PERCENT RESP LESS THAN 1 YEAR	FERCENT RESPONDING TO GUESTION BY TIME IN RESERVE LESS THAN 1 TO 3 4 TO 6 7 TO 9 10 TO 12 1 YEARS YEARS YEARS YEARS YEARS	QUESTION B 4 TO C YEARS	Y TIME IN 7 TO 9 YEARS	RESERVE 10 TO 12 YEARS	13 TO 15 YEARS	16 TG 20 YEARS	21 TO 25 YEARS	26 AND OVER	ROW X
0 TO S MILES AVG= . 6 SD= 1	4.1	33.60 (1.0)	36.40	36.10	30.70	30.00	30,40	29.30 (1.0)	30.50	35.60 (1.0)	34.50
6 TO 15 MILES AV6= 11.5 SD= 2	8. 81	14,30	15.30 (2.0)	16.00	15.30 (8.5)	14.60	12,70	10.30	09°8)	7.20	14.80
16 TO 25 MILES AVG= 21.7 SD= 2	3.6	14.60	15.40 (3.0)	15.30 (3.0)	15.90	17.00	15,10	14.20	11.90	10.50	15.40
20 TO 35 MILES AVG= 30.9 SE= 2	લ	10.60	10.70	10.10	11.10	10.30	10.50	9.90	8.60 5.50	8.20 (5.0)	10.40
36 TO 50 MILES AV6≈ 47.0 SD≃ 4	4.4	10.30	12.30	13.00	15.50 (3.5)	15.30	18,50	19.10	24.30	20.10 (2.0)	14.10 (4.0)
MOKE THAN 50 MILES AVG= 78.7 SD= 19.0	6.0 9.0	10.50	9.30	9.00 (6. 0)	11.30	12.40	12.80	17.10	16.20	18.50 (3.0)	10.90
AVCKASE MILES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	SNO ON	21.73 25.50	21.78 24.67	21.80	25.02 25.78	25.83	26.93 26.78	29.94 28.78	30.58 28.64	29.86 30.14	23.67 25.76
% OF RESPONDENTS		10.30	32.40	20.60	11.60	10.90	5.10	4.20	2.40	2.70	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	v)	= 32005									
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ONCORD	JANCE =	.68430 .64484								

.00000 5 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL 30,79365 WITH CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN FARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE X OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X).

QUESTION 58: WHAT IS THE DISTANCE THAT YOU ARE WILLING TO TWAVEL TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

	PERCENT RE 17 TO 21 YEAKS	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION 17 TO 21 22 TO 26 27 TO 31 YEAKS YEAKS YEARS	O QUESTION 27 TO 31 YEARS	32 TO 36 YEARS	37 TO 41 YEARS	42 TO 46 YEARS	47 TO 51 YEARS	52 AND OVER	ROW X
0 TO S MILES	41.10	39.40	32.50	29.80	31.40	31.40	31.90	38.60	3 4. 30
IS MILES	•	16.10	16.30	14.50	13.60	11.90	11.60	6.30	14.80
AV6= 11.5 SD= 2.9	(2.0)	(2.0)	(5.0)	(0.4)	(4.0)	(2.0)	(2.0)	(6.0)	(3.0)
_	14.20	14.90	15.70	17.70	15.30	13.10	12.70	12.80	15.40
AVG= 21.7 SD= 2.6	~	3.0)	(3.0)	(2.0)	(0°%)	(4.0)	(4.0)	(4.0)	6.5.69
26 TO 35 MILES	9.30	10.20	11.70	11.10	10.40	10.00	8.50	9.50	10.50
AVG= 30.9 SD= 2.2	~	(a.c)	(2.0)	(0.9)	(0.9)	(0.9)	(0.9)	(2.0)	(0.9)
36 TO 50 MILES	11.40	10.80	13,30	15.40	16.20	18.90	20.80	18.60	14.10
AVG= 47.0 SD= 4.4	~	(4.0)	(4.0)	(3.0)	(2.0)	(2.0)	(2.0)	(2.0)	(0.4)
-	3.70	3.50	10.50	11.60	13.10	14.70	14.50	14.20	10.90
AVG= 78.7 SD= 19.0	~	(6.0)	(6.0)	(2.0)	6.8.0	3.0	(3.6)	(3.0)	(0.8)
AVERAGE MILES	20.17	20.24	23.61	25.48	26.21	27.94	23.10	26.59	23.70
STANDARD DEVIATIONS		24.10	25.26	25.81	26.93	27.93	28.00	28.29	25.75
% OF RESPONDENTS	12.40	19.90	22.70	20.80	10.70	6.90	4.50	2.10	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	e) II	31546							
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE = ATION ==	.64286							
CHI-SQUAKE TEST STATISTIC =	ATISTIC =	27.50000 WITH		GREES OF F	5 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	GNIFICANCE	LEVEL =	00000.	

NOTES.

1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE Z DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE Z DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT

3. TO FIND THE Z OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN Z) X (Z OF RESPONDENTS).

4. TO FIND A ROW Z DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (Z OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN Z) / (ROW Z).

COESTION SES WINT IS THE DISTANCE THAT YOU ARE WILLING TO TRAVEL TO THE RESLAWE CENTER.

PERCENT RESPONDING TO GUESTION BY SEX MALE. FEMALE. NOW X.

										5 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL
34.40 (1.0)	14.80	15.40 (2.0)	10.50	14.10	10.90	23.76 25.75				
39.80	16.70	15.50	10.30	9.60	8.20 (6.9)	19.67 23.70	13.40	844	. 80000	8.00000 WITH
33.60	14.50	15.30 (2.0)	10.50	14.60	11.30	24.28 26.00	66.40	= 31844	KEANCE #	IISTIC =
0 TO 5 MILES AVG= .6 SD= 1.4	6 TO 15 MILES AVG= 11.5 SD= 2.9	16 TO 25 MILES AVG= 21.7 SD= 2.6	26 TO 35 MILES AV6# 30.9 SD# 2.2	36 TO 50 MILES AVG= 47.0 SD= 4.4	MORE THAN SO MILES AVG= 78.7 SD= 19.0	AVERAGE MILES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	% OF KESPONDENTS	TUTAL RESPONDENTS	COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

.017

NOFES:
1. NUMBERS IN FARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMN ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONDENTS).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION SUF WHAT IS THE DISTANCE THAT YOU ARE WILLING TO HAVEL TO THE RESCRIVE LEADER.

PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY MARITAL STATUS MARRILD SINGLE NOW X

34.00	14.80 (3.0)	15.40	10.50	14.20	11.00	23.82 25.80			
38.40 (1.0)	15.90	5.20	9.50	12.00	9.40	19.16 25.61	35.30	217	.94266
31.60	14.30	10.20	11.10	15.50	11.80	24.05 26.77	64.70	= 31217	DANCE = ION #
0 TO 5 MILES AV6= .6 5D= 1.4	6 TO 15 MILES AVG= 11.5 SD= 2.9	16 TO 25 MILES AVG= 21.7 SD= 2.6	26 TO 35 MILES AVG= 30.9 SD= 2.2	36 TO 50 MILES AV6# 47.0 SD= 4.4	MOKE THAN 50 MILES AVG= 73.7 SD= 19.0	AVERAGE MILES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	% OF RESPONDENTS	TOTAL RESPONDENTS	COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION

9.42857 WITH 5 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL = CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

- NOTES:
 1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
 2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
 3. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (X OF RESPONDENTS).
 3. TO FIND THE X OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (X OF RESPONDENTS).
 4. TO FIND A ROW X DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (X OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) / (ROW X).

CUESTION SET WHAT 15 THE DISTANCE THAT YOU GAE WILLING TO TRAVEL TO THE RESCRAY CLATER.

- :		ERCENT RESPONDING TO COLSTION BY PROFES - MANAGERS CLERICAL SIONAL	O GUESTION CLERICAL		CIVILIAN OCCUPATION SALES CRAFTSMEN OFERATIVE	ON PERATIVE	SERVICE	LABORERS /	FARNERS	KO₩ %
0 TO S MILES AV6= .6 SE= 1.4	79.00 (1.0)	29.50 (1.0)	37.30	28.40 (1.0)	32.60	34.40	32.20	37.80	28.60	32.80
6 TO 15 MILES AVG= 11.5 SD= 2.9	13.80	14.00	18.20	14.40	14.20	17.80	15.40	15.10	9.40 (5.0)	14.90
16 TO 25 MILES AVG= 21.7 SD= 2.6	15.60	16.00	16.20	14.90	17.30	15.60	15.60	14.90	11.00	15.60 (2.0)
26 TO 35 MILES AVG= 30.9 SD= 2.2	11.40	11.20	9.80	13.50	11.10	10.80	10.70	9.60 (5.0)	8.20	10.70
26 TO SO MILES AV6= 47.0 SD= 4.4	16.40	16.50	11.20	15.30	15.70	12.40	14.90	13.60	21.20 (3.0)	14.90
MURE THAN 50 MILES 4VG= 78.7 SD= 19.0	13.90	12.80	7.00	13.50 (5.5)	9.10	8.90	11.20	9.10	21.60	11.10
AVERAGE MILES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	27.32 27.10	26.55 26.57	19.54 22.84	27.05 26.76	23.55	21.81 24.25	24.47 25.82	21.72	33.14 30.58	24.34 25.81
X OF RESPONDENTS	22.60	15.00	ය. වෙ	4.10	7.80	6.60	11.80	25.30	1.00	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	= 26	26559								
COEFFICIENT OF CONCOF AVERAGE KANK CORRELAT	RDANCE =	.75414								

•

33.93651 WITH 5 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL = CHI-SOUARE TEST STATISTIC =

NOTE::
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE KANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE EXACTLY 100% INC TO ROUNDING.
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

COUESTION SEE WHAT IS THE DISTANCE THAT YOU ARE WILLING TO TRAVEL TO THE ALSERVE CENTER.

										00000
30.80	14.50	16.20	11.10	15.40	12.10	25.56 26.23				LEVEL =
26.30 (1.0)	10.30	14.80	11.70	19.20	17.70	31.12	14.00			NIFICANCE
25.40	13.40	17.20	11.70	19.10	13.30	28.49 26.45	14.80			5 DEGREES OF FREEDOM, SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL
29.20	14.90	17.10	11.40	15.60	11.70	25.66 25.86	26.00			SREES OF FR
33.10	15.90	16.50	11.00	13.30	10.20	23.28 25.11	29.20			
33.40	16.70	14.60	9.80	11.70	8.90	20.85	12.00	0263	.74603	22.38095 WITH
35.80 (1.0)	15.30 (2.0)	13.70	9.60	13.10	12.40	23.83	4.00	= 56	RDANCE =	TISTIC =
1.4	8.9	2.6	2.2	4.4	LES 19.0	CINS	ω	7.5	CONCOL	T STA
O TO 5 MILES AVG= .6 SD≈	6 TO 15 MILES AVG= 11.5 SD=	16 TO 25 MILES AV6= 21.7 SD=	26 TO 35 MILES AV6= 30.9 SD≈	36 TU SO MILES AVG= 47.0 SD≈	MORE THAN 50 MII AVG≈ 78.7 SD≈	AVERAGE MILES STANDARD DEVIAT	% OF RESPONDENT	TOTAL RESPONDEN	COCFFICIENT OF A	CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC
	5 MILES 35.80 38.40 33.10 29.20 25.40 26.30 6.5D* 1.4 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (5 MILES 35.80 38.40 33.10 29.20 25.40 26.30 (.5 SD= 1.4 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.10) (1	5 MILES . 6 SD= 1.4 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) 15 MILES 11.5 SD= 2.9 (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (6.0) 21.7 SD= 2.6 (3.0) (3.0) (2.0) (2.0) (2.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0)	5 MILES 35.80 38.40 33.10 29.20 25.40 26.30 .6 SD= 1.4 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) 15 MILES 15.30 16.70 15.90 14.90 13.40 10.30 11.5 SD= 2.9 (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) (4.0) (6.0) 21.7 SD= 2.6 (3.0) (3.0) (3.0) (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) 30.9 SD= 2.2 (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (6.0) (5.0) (5.0)	S MILES 35.80 38.40 33.10 29.20 25.40 26.30 15 MILES 1.4 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) 15 MILES 15.30 16.70 15.90 14.90 13.40 10.30 11.5 SD= 2.9 (2.0) (3.0) (3.0) (4.0) (4.0) (6.0) 21.7 SD= 2.6 (3.0) (3.0) (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) 35 MILES 2.6 9.80 11.00 11.70 11.70 11.70 30.9 SD= 2.2 (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) 50 MILES 13.10 11.70 13.30 15.60 19.10 (5.0) 47.0 SD= 4.4 4.4.0) (4.0) (3.0) (2.0) (2.0) (2.0)	5 MILES 35.80 38.40 33.10 29.20 25.40 26.30 15 MILES 15.30 16.70 15.90 14.90 13.40 10.30 11.5 GD= 2.9 (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) (4.0) (1.0) 11.5 GD= 2.9 (2.0) (3.0) (3.0) (4.0) (4.0) (6.0) 11.5 GD= 2.9 (2.0) (2.0) (4.0) (4.0) (6.0) 21.7 SD= 2.6 (3.0) (3.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) 35 MILES 2.2 (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (6.0) (6.0) (4.0) 30.9 SD= 2.2 (6.0) (6.0) (6.0) (6.0) (5.0) 70 MILES 44.0 (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (2.0) (2.0) 78.7 SD= 19.0 (5.0) (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (5.0) (5.0) 78.7 SD= 19.0 (6.0) (6.0) <td< td=""><td>5 MILES 35.80 38.40 33.10 29.20 25.40 26.30 .6 SD= 1.4 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) 15 MILES 13.30 16.70 15.90 14.90 13.40 10.30 11.5 SD= 2.9 (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) (4.0) (6.0) 21.7 SD= 2.6 (3.0) (3.0) (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) 30.9 SD= 2.2 (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (5.0) (6.0) (5.0) 30.9 SD= 2.2 (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (5.0) (5.0) (5.0) 30.9 SD= 2.2 (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (6.0) (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) 47.0 SD= 4.4 (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (5.0) (5.0) 78.7 SD= 19.0 (5.0) (6.0) (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (5.0) MGE MILES 23.68 25.66 26.45 28.49</td><td>FMILES .6 SD= 1.4 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) 15 MILES 11.5 SD= 2.9 (2.0) (2.0) (33.10 (29.20 (25.40 26.30 11.5 SD= 2.9 (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (6.0) 21.7 SD= 2.6 (3.0) (3.0) (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) (4.0) (6.0) 21.7 SD= 2.2 (6.0) (3.0) (5.0) (5.0) (6.0) (6.0) (4.0) 30.9 SD= 2.2 (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (6.0) (6.0) (5.0) THAN SO MILES 13.10 11.70 13.30 15.60 19.10 19.20 THAN SO MILES 12.40 8.90 10.20 11.70 13.30 15.00 (3.0) (2.0) THAN SO MILES 23.63 20.85 23.28 23.28 25.66 28.49 31.12 MER MILES A+00 12.00 29.20 26.00 14.80 14.80 14.00</td><td>F MILES 15 MILES 16 SD≠ 1.4 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) 15 MILES 115 MILES 117 SD≠ 2.9 (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (6.0) 217 SD≠ 2.2 (3.0) (3.0) (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) (6.0) 218 MILES 21.7 SD≠ 2.2 (6.0) (3.0) (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) 33.9 MILES 30.9 SD≠ 2.2 (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (6.0) (6.0) (6.0) 55 MILES 47.0 SD≠ 4.4 (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (5.0) (2.0) (2.0) 78.7 SD≠ 19.0 (5.0) (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (5.0) (3.0) 78.7 SD≠ 19.0 (5.0) (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (5.0) (3.0) ME MILES A+00 12.00 29.20 25.66 28.49 31.12 MRESPONDENTS = 20263 ■ 20.85 ■ 20.</td><td>FHILES -6 5D= 1.4 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) 15 HILES -6 5D= 1.4 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) 15 HILES 11.5 5D= 2.9 (2.0) (2.0) (2.0) (4.0) (4.0) (6.0) 25 HILES 21.7 5D= 2.6 (3.0) (3.0) (3.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) 35 HILES 21.7 5D= 2.2 (6.0) (3.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) 35 HILES 36.9 5D= 2.2 (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (6.0) (5.0) 36.9 5D= 4.4 (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (2.0) (2.0) THAN 50 HILES 4.4 (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (3.0) (2.0) (2.0) THAN 50 HILES 4.5 0 (5.0) (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (3.0) THAN 50 HILES 4.6 0 (5.0) (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (3.0) THAN 50 HILES 4.7 0 5D= 19.0 (5.0) (5.0) (5.0) (3.0) THAN 50 HILES THAN 50 HILES</td></td<>	5 MILES 35.80 38.40 33.10 29.20 25.40 26.30 .6 SD= 1.4 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) 15 MILES 13.30 16.70 15.90 14.90 13.40 10.30 11.5 SD= 2.9 (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) (4.0) (6.0) 21.7 SD= 2.6 (3.0) (3.0) (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) 30.9 SD= 2.2 (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (5.0) (6.0) (5.0) 30.9 SD= 2.2 (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (5.0) (5.0) (5.0) 30.9 SD= 2.2 (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (6.0) (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) 47.0 SD= 4.4 (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (5.0) (5.0) 78.7 SD= 19.0 (5.0) (6.0) (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (5.0) MGE MILES 23.68 25.66 26.45 28.49	FMILES .6 SD= 1.4 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) 15 MILES 11.5 SD= 2.9 (2.0) (2.0) (33.10 (29.20 (25.40 26.30 11.5 SD= 2.9 (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (6.0) 21.7 SD= 2.6 (3.0) (3.0) (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) (4.0) (6.0) 21.7 SD= 2.2 (6.0) (3.0) (5.0) (5.0) (6.0) (6.0) (4.0) 30.9 SD= 2.2 (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (6.0) (6.0) (5.0) THAN SO MILES 13.10 11.70 13.30 15.60 19.10 19.20 THAN SO MILES 12.40 8.90 10.20 11.70 13.30 15.00 (3.0) (2.0) THAN SO MILES 23.63 20.85 23.28 23.28 25.66 28.49 31.12 MER MILES A+00 12.00 29.20 26.00 14.80 14.80 14.00	F MILES 15 MILES 16 SD≠ 1.4 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) 15 MILES 115 MILES 117 SD≠ 2.9 (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (6.0) 217 SD≠ 2.2 (3.0) (3.0) (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) (6.0) 218 MILES 21.7 SD≠ 2.2 (6.0) (3.0) (2.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) 33.9 MILES 30.9 SD≠ 2.2 (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (6.0) (6.0) (6.0) 55 MILES 47.0 SD≠ 4.4 (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (5.0) (2.0) (2.0) 78.7 SD≠ 19.0 (5.0) (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (5.0) (3.0) 78.7 SD≠ 19.0 (5.0) (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (5.0) (3.0) ME MILES A+00 12.00 29.20 25.66 28.49 31.12 MRESPONDENTS = 20263 ■ 20.85 ■ 20.	FHILES -6 5D= 1.4 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) 15 HILES -6 5D= 1.4 (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) (1.0) 15 HILES 11.5 5D= 2.9 (2.0) (2.0) (2.0) (4.0) (4.0) (6.0) 25 HILES 21.7 5D= 2.6 (3.0) (3.0) (3.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) 35 HILES 21.7 5D= 2.2 (6.0) (3.0) (2.0) (3.0) (4.0) 35 HILES 36.9 5D= 2.2 (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (6.0) (5.0) 36.9 5D= 4.4 (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (2.0) (2.0) THAN 50 HILES 4.4 (4.0) (4.0) (4.0) (3.0) (2.0) (2.0) THAN 50 HILES 4.5 0 (5.0) (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (3.0) THAN 50 HILES 4.6 0 (5.0) (6.0) (5.0) (5.0) (3.0) THAN 50 HILES 4.7 0 5D= 19.0 (5.0) (5.0) (5.0) (3.0) THAN 50 HILES THAN 50 HILES

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE X OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW X DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) / (ROW X).

CHITCH SB: WHAT IS THE DISCENDE THAT YOU ARE WILLING TO TRAVEL TO THE RESERVE CENTER.

PENCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY CIVILIAN EDUCATION NON HIGH HIGH SOME COLLEGE ROW Z SCHOOL SCHOOL COLLEGE GRADUATE GRADUATE	27.00 33.90 (1.0) (1.0)	12.20 14.90 (5.0) (3.0)	15.50 15.50 (4.0) (2.0)	11.90 10.50	17.60 14.20 (2.0) (4.0)	15.80 11.00 (3.0) (5.0)	29.31 23.86 27.83 25.79	22.20		
N BY CIVIL COLLEGE GRADUATE				J						
COLLEGE	33.00	16.30 (2.0)	15.30 (3.0)	10.90	13.70	10.80 (6.0)	23.70 25.55	30.10		
SPONDING TO HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE	36.30	15.20	16.10	9.80 5.0)	13.30	9,10	21.90	33.00	30627	.73571
PERCENT KE NON HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE	42.60	15.20	13.20	9.10 (5.50)	11.30	8.00	19.52 24.06	9.70)E 11	RDANCE =
!	1.4	8.8	4:	а М	4.4	LES 19.0	IONS	ø	75	CONCOL
	O TO S MILES AVG= .6 SD=	6 TO 15 MILES AVG= 11.5 SE=	16 TO 25 MILES AV6= 21,7 SD=	26 TO 35 MILES AV6= 30.9 SD=	04 TO 50 MILES AVG4 47,0 SD=	Muke THAN 50 MILES AV6= 78,7 SD= 19.0	AVERAGE MILES STANDARD DEVIATIONS	% OF RESPONDENTS	TOTAL RESPONDENTS	COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION

.01143 14.71428 WITH 5 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL = CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN FARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE & DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONDENTS OF TO FIND THE X OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY HOW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) / (ROW X).

QUESTION &: WHICH STATEMENT WEST DESCRIBES YOUR SITURITOW.

	PEKKENT KESF OFFICER	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY RANK OFFICER	UESTION E	3Y KANK E3	F	51	93	£7	3,		Fo.66 %
SIMILAR	24.40	16.50	17.60	15.60	19.30	07.12	23.60	27.40	05.00 0.4.0	42.20	04.40 (0.%)
VERY LITTLE	42,50		36.06 (2.0)	28.50 (2.0)	28.60 (2.0)	31.00	34.70	36,90	40.60	24.20 (2.5.0)	% (०.स (०.स
UNICLATED	23.10	55.80	57.00	52.90	52.10	47.40	41.40	35.70 (2.0)	23.60	03.10	43.00 (1.0)
% OF RESPONDENTS	9.50	3.70	0,5.20	6.70	17.70	23.60	16,20	11.40	3.10	09.	
FOTHL RESPONDENTS	. 32 <u>3</u>	2745									
COLFFICIENT OF CONCURENCE HVERHOE FANK CORRELATION	LUKDANCE = LATION =	.27000									
CH1-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =	TATISTIC =	5.40000 WITH 2 DEGREES OF FREEDOM, SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	1930 Z H.	REES OF FRI	EEDJM. SIGN	VIF ICANCE 1	ויבאבר =	00890.			

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE KANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE Z DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE Z DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONDENTS).
3. TO FIND THE Z OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: COLUMN Z) X (Z OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW Z DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (Z OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN Z) / (ROW Z).

QUESTION 6: WHICH STATEMENT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR SITUATION.

	PERLENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY TIME IN RESERVE LESS THAN 1 TO 3 4 TO 6 7 TO 9 10 TO 12 13 TO 15 16 TO 20 21 TO 25 1 YEARS YEARS YEARS YEARS YEARS YEARS YEARS YEARS	SPONDING TO 1 TO 3 YEARS	QUESTION 4 TO 6 YEARS	BY TIME IN 7 TO 9 YEARS	A RESERVE 10 TO 12 YEARS	13 TO 15 YEARS	16 TO 20 YEARS	21 TO 25 YEARS	26 AND OVER	ROW X
00 c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	04 0	90 00	05 00	23.10	24.30	30.40	33.90	37.90	37.30	23.40
NHJ1111	(3.6)	(3.6)	(3.0)	(3.0)	(3.0)	(3.6)		(1.0)	(2.0)	(3.0)
VERV 1 TTI F	28.10	30.40	32,30	36.40	36.00		37.70	36.80	37.40	32,90
	(2.0)	(5.0)	(2.0)	(2.0)	(2.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(2.0)	(1.0)	(2.0)
HAIDEL ATEN	52.40	49.60	45.20	40.50	39.70	32.90	28.40	25.30	25.20	43.80
	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(2.0)	(3.0)	(3.0)	(3.0)	(1.0)
% OF RESPONDENTS	6.90	32.20	20.40	11.70	10.30	5.20	4.30	2.50	2.80	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS) -	= 32453								
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE = AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION ==	CORDANCE =	.23457								
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =	TATISTIC =	4.22222 W	TH 2 DE(SREES OF FI	REEDOM. SI	4.22222 WITH 2 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =	: רבּאבּר =	.11889		

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION 6: WHICH STATEMENT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR SITUATION.

日本の大学の「Manager Manager Mana

	PERCENT RE 17 TO 21 YEARS	PERCENT RESPONDING TO GUESTION BY AGE 17 TO 21 22 TO 26 27 TO 31 32 TO 36 YEARS YEARS YEARS YEARS	TO QUESTION 27 TO 31 YEARS	8Y AGE 32 TO 36 YEARS	37 TO 41 YEARS	42 TO 46 YEARS	47 TO 51 YEARS	52 AND OVER	RGW X
SIMILAR	15.10	0 19.20	22.40	23.90	27.30	32.30	33.80	40.10	23.30
VERY LITTLE	27.10	29.10	33. (2.5)	36.50	35.30	34.80	36.80	31.10 (2.0)	32.80 (2.0)
UNRELATED	57.80 (1.0)	0 51.70	44.20	39.60	37.40	32.90	29.46	28.80	43.80
% OF RESPONDENTS	12.10	0 19.60	22.70	21.10	10.90	6.90	4.60	2.10	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	•	= 32319							
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE =	.29688							
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =	ATISTIC =		4.75000 WITH 2 DEGREES OF FREEDOM, SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL *	GREES OF F	REEDOM. SI	GNIFICANCE	רפתפר *	.09250	

NOTES:

1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT

2. COLUMN SING ANY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).

3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).

4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

RUESTION 6: WHICH STATEMENT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR SITUATION.

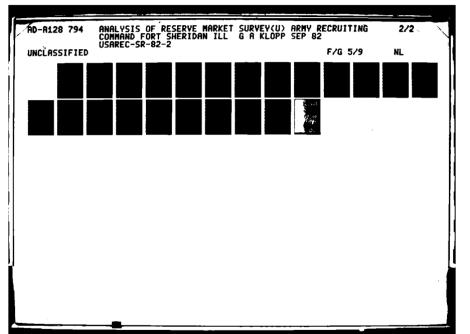
	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUEST MALE FEMALE ROW	PEMALE	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY SEX	
SIMILAR	22.30	30.50	23.30 (3.0)	
VERY LITTLE	33.30 (2.0)	30.30	32.90 (2.0)	
UNRELATED	44.50	39.20	43.80	

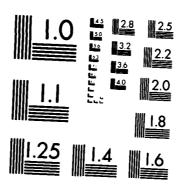
13.10 = 32607 86.90 TOTAL RESPONDENTS % OF RESPONDENTS

50000 COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE > AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION >

.333 3.00000 WITH 2 DEGREES OF FREEDOM, SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL = CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMN SARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
(COLUMN SURS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).





MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A

OUESTION 6: WHICH STATEMENT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR SITUATION.

PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY MARITAL STATUS MARRIED SINGLE ROW %

r				: }
SIMILAR	24.40	21.40	23 3.	23.40
VERY LITTLE	34.40	30.50	33.10	33.10
UNRELATED	41.10	48.10	43.60	43.60
% OF RESPONDENTS	65.10	34.90		
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	₩ #	± 32009		
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	IRDANCE =	1.00000		
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =	TISTIC =	4.00000 WITH 2 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	HT II	2 DEGREES

.167

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
3. TO FIND THE X OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (X OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW X DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (X OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) / (ROW X).

QUESTION 6: WHICH STATEMENT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR SITUATION.

	PERCENT R PROFES- SIONAL	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY CIVILIAN OCCUPATION PROFES- MANAGERS CLERICAL SALES CRAFTSMEN OPERATIVE SIONAL	QUESTION LERICAL	BY CIVILIA SALES C	N OCCUPAT	CPERATIVE	SERVICE	LABORERS	FARMERS	ROW X
SIMILAR	30.60	28.40 (3.0)	33.20	16.30	18.80	24.80	25.20	17.70	13.00	24.50
VERY LITTLE	37.00	39.30	33.40	44.30	30.70	29.80	34.50	27.50	39.50	33.80
UNKELATED	32.40	32.30 (2.0)	33.40	39.40	50.50	45.40	40.30	54. 80 (1. 0)	47.50	41.70
% OF RESPONDENTS	22.80	15.10	5.70	4.10	7.70	6.60	11.90	25.20	1.00	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	ì	27432								
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE =	.73264								
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =	ATISTIC =	13.72222 WITH	TH 2 DEGI	REES OF FR	EEDOM. SI	2 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	LEVEL =	.00489		

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS SIN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONDENTS).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION 6: WHICH STATEMENT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR SITUATION.

	A99/MONTH FSFONTING TO WOESTION BY CIVILIAN INCOME AND LESS PER MONTH FER MONTH PER MONTH PER MONTH	500-799 R MONTH P	500-799 800-1199 1200-1599 1600-1999 PER MONTH PER MONTH PER MONTH	200-1599 1 R MONTH P	600-1999 ER MONTH	2000 AND OVER	ROW X
SIMILAR	16.80	22.30	25.30	25.80 (3.0)	24.30	28.40	25.00 (3.0)
VERY LITTLE	31.10 (2.0)	29.40	32.60	34.10	37.80	36.50	33.90 (2.0)
UNRELATED	52.10	48.30	42.10	40.10	37.80	35.10	41. 10 (1.0)
% OF RESPONDENTS	3.90	11.90	28.90	26.10	14.90	14.40	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	= 21034	34					

COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE = AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION =

.81250

9.75000 WITH 2 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL = CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC .

.00775

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
4. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION 6: WHICH STATEMENT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR SITUATION.

	PERCENT RE NON HIGH SCHOOL	SPONDING TO HIGH SCHOOL	OUESTION SOME COLLEGE	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY CIVILIAN EDUCATION NON HIGH HIGH SOME COLLEGE ROW X SCHOOL SCHOOL COLLEGE GRADUATE	EDUCATION ROW X	
	GRADUALE	CKADOATE		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
SIMILAR	17.30	21.20	25.10	27.30	23.40	
	(3.0)	(3.0)	(3.0)	(3.0)	(3.0)	
VERY LITTLE	24.60	29.10	33.60	42.00	33.00	
	(2.0)	(2.0)	(5.0)	(1.0)	(5.0)	
UNRELATED	58.10	49.70	41.30	30.70	43.60	
	3.0	(1.0)	(1.0)	(2.0)	(1.0)	
% OF RESPONDENTS	9.30	37.70	30.20	22.70		
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	4	= 31410				
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE =	.81250				
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =	ATISTIC =	6.50000 W	1TH 2 DE	GREES OF FRE	EDOM. SIGNIF	6.50000 WITH 2 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL

.0400

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING.
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

QUESTION 8: WHAT HAS PROVEN TO BE MOST IMPORTANT TO YOU.

· 1	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY RANK OFFICER E1 E2 E	ONDING TO	QUESTION I	SY RANK E3	я 4	ES	E6	£7	E	E9	ROW X
EDUCATION BENEFITS	11.20	25.20	21.30	19.80	18.40	17.00	15.90	15.10	18.70	19.40	17.10
RETIREMENT BENEFITS	49.00	14.90	16.20	21.80	29.20	42.40	55.10	61.70	69.20	71.40	42.20
SOMETHING DIFFERENT	18.10	20.40	21.60	21.60	19.10	18.70	16.30	15.40	15.60	14.10	18.20
ENJOYMENT	25.30	17.80	16.60	19.40	17.00	18.90	21.30	21.40	27.20	29.60	20.10
SERVICE TO COUNTRY	41.60	27.70	27.60	31.20	28.70	33.00	38.10	41.30	50.20	52.40	34.96
MEET OTHER PEOPLE	17.60	20.40	18.80	22.50	19.60	18.70	16.50	14.40	15.10	19.40	18.10
DEVELOP SKILLS	26.00	36.80	33.60	33.10	29.00	25.70	23.50	20.20	21.60	19.40	26.50
EXTRA MONEY	53.30	35.70 (2.0)	39.50	44.00	49.20	50.70	50.20	49.70	45.20	43.20	48.60
COMPANIONSHIP	10.50	5.70	6.00	7.10	6.80	8.10	9.60	9.80	12.00	13.10	8.40
OTHER	4.60	4.00	3.50	4.60	3.80	4.70	4.50	4.20	4.90	9.20	4.40
% OF RESPONDENTS	9.40	3.90	5.80	6.70	17.80	23.50	16.00	11.30	3.00	9.	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	# 333	3932									

CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC .

COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE = AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION =

71.23636 WITH 9 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL #

NOTES:

1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE \$\text{LEFT}\$

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE \$\text{LEFT}\$

3. TO FIND THE \$\text{OFT}\$

3. TO FIND THE \$\text{OFT}\$

4. TO FIND A ROW \$\text{NUMBINS}\$

4. TO FIND A ROW \$\text{NUMBINS}\$

5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED 100% SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

QUESTION 8: WHAT HAS PROVEN TO BE MOST IMPORTANT TO YOU.

·	PERCENT RESPONDING TO LESS THAN 1 TO 3 1 YEAR YEARS	PONDING TO 1 TO 3 YEARS	QUESTION 4 TO 6 YEARS	BY TIME IN RESERVE 7 TO 9 10 TO 12 YEARS YEARS	N RESERVE 10 TO 12 YEARS	13 TO 15 YEARS	16 TO 20 YEARS	21 TO 25 YEARS	26 AND OVER	ROW %
EDUCATION BENEFITS	20.90	17.80	17.50	14.50 (8.0)	13.90 (8.0)	14.70	16.00	18.00	17.40	17.00
RETIREMENT BENEFITS	26.10	29.60	41.00	49.30	55.40	60.80	68.20 (1.0)	71.00	72.80	42.10
SOMETHING DIFFERENT	17.40	20.60	20.50	16.20	15.70	15.00	14.60	14.00	11.80	18.20
ENJOYMENT	16.90	18.90	19.90	20.90	20.60	20.90	23.50	27.90	27.60	20.10
SERVICE TO COUNTRY	28.60 (3.0)	31.10	34.40	35.70	34.90	42.60 (3.0)	46.20	48.70	54.10	34.80
MEET OTHER PEOPLE	19.00	20.00	19.50	17.10 (6.0)	14.30	13.30 (8.0)	15.50	15.70	14.80	18.10
DEVELOP SKILLS	33.10	29.60	27.80	22.40	20.00	21.60	21.50	23.50	20.10	26.50
EXTRA MONEY	40.70	47.70	49.90	53.20	53.90	49.30	44.70	46.20	44.60	48.60
COMPANIONSHIP	5.90	7.40	8.90	9.10	9.40	9.10	9.30	13.60	11.90	8.40
OTHER	4.20 (10.0)	4.10	5.10	4.60	3.90	3.70	4.60	4.30	4.70	4.40
% OF RESPONDENTS	10.30	32.30	20.40	11.50	10.70	5.20	4.30	2.50	2.80	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	£ 33	33675								
COEFFICIENT OF CONCOR AVERAGE RANK CORRELAT	ORDANCE =	.89622 .88325								
CHI-SQUARE TEST STAT	ISTIC =	72.59394 WITH		9 DEGREES OF FREEDOM.		SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	- TEVEL =	00000.		

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN FARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS AND THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR THE RESPONDENTS).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).
5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED 100% SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

QUESTION 8: WHAT HAS PROVEN TO BE MOST IMPORTANT TO YOU.

,	PERCENT RE 17 TO 21 VEARS	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION 17 TO 21 22 TO 26 27 TO 31 YEARS YEARS YEARS	O QUESTION 27 TO 31 YEARS	4 BY AGE 32 TO 36 YEARS	37 TO 41 YEARS	42 TO 46 YEARS	47 TO 51 YEARS	52 AND OVER	ROW X
EDUCATION BENEFITS	22.60	17.90	15.00	14.70	16.90	17.50	13.20	16.50	17.00
RETIREMENT BENEFITS	13.50	24.00	40.20	51.80	59.90	67.80	72.10	63.80 (1.0)	4 2.20 (2.0)
SOMETHING DIFFERENT	21.00	20.50	17.80	17.90	16.60	17.30	14.00	10.60	18.30
ENJOYMENT	18.10	18.00	20.40	20.50	21.10	23.00	23.00	24.30	20.10
SERVICE TO COUNTRY	29.20	28.60	32.80	36.30	41.10	44.40	47.70	51.80	35.00
MEET OTHER PEOPLE	21.60	21.60	18.10	16.70	15.10 (8.0)	14.50	14.30	15.80	18.10
DEVELOP SKILLS	34.30	30.30	24.90	24.50	23.80	22.50	21.60	18.50	26.50
EXTRA MONEY	40.70	49.90	53.00	52.40	47.90	44.70	40.00	37.80	48.70 (1.0)
COMPANIONSHIP	6.70	6.70	9.30	8.90	8.90	9.60	9.60	13.90	8.50
OTHER	4.00	4.20	4.80	4.40	4.50	4.20	3.80	5.70	4.40
% OF RESPONDENTS	12.50	19.70	22.60	20.80	10.90	6.90	4.60	2.10	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	en H	33219							
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	JEDANCE =	.84318							
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC	TISTIC =	40.70909 WITH		GREES OF F	9 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	GNIFICANCE	LEVEL =	00000	

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (KOM %).
5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED 100% SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

QUESTION 8: WHAT HAS PROVEN TO BE MOST IMPORTANT TO YOU.

PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY SEX MALE FEMALE ROW X

EDUCATION BENEFITS	16.80	18.70	17.00	
RETIREMENT BENEFITS	44.70	25.70 (5.0)	42.20	
SOMETHING DIFFERENT	17.20	25.20	18.20 (6.0)	
ENJOYMENT	19.70	22.30	20.10	
SERVICE TO COUNTRY	36.10	27.00	34,90 (3.0)	
MEET OTHER PEOPLE	16.50	28.40	18.10	
DEVELOP SKILLS	25.00	36.60	26.50 (4.0)	
EXTRA MONEY	47.90	53.00	48.60 (1.0)	
COMPANIONSHIP	8.50	8.30 (9.0)	8.40 (9.0)	
OTHER .	4.30 (10.0)	4.60	4.40 (10.0)	
X OF RESPONDENTS	86.80	13.20		
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	33	33777		

COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE = AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION =

.05 15.60000 WITH 9 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

- NOTES:
 1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
 2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
 2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONDENTS NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).
 3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).
 4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).
 5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED 100% SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

QUESTION 8: WHAT HAS FROVEN TO BE MOST IMPORTANT TO YOU.

,	PERCENT RESPONDING TO MARRIED SINGLE	PONDING TO SINGLE	QUESTION ROW %	BY MARITAL	STATUS
EDUCATION BENEFITS	16.20	18.40 (9.0)	17.00		
RETIREMENT BENEFITS	50.80	27.50	42.60		
SOMETHING DIFFERENT	16.60	21.20	18.20		
ENJOYMENT	20.70	19.10	20.10		
SERVICE TO COUNTRY	37.70	30.40	35.10		
MEET OTHER PEOPLE	16.20	21.60	18.10		
DEVELOP SKILLS	23.90	31.20	26.50		
EXTRA MONEY	50.10	46.80	48.90		
COMPANIONSHIP	8.80	8.00 9.00	8.50		
OTHER	4.30	4.70	4.40		
% OF RESPONDENTS	64.80	35.20			
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	= 33115	15			
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	SDANCE =	.92273			

16.60909 WITH 9 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL = CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

.031

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
3. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS AND BE EXACTLY 100X DUE TO ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE X OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (X OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW X DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (X OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) / (ROW X).
5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED 100X SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

QUESTION 8: WHAT HAS PROVEN TO BE MOST IMPORTANT TO YOU.

i	PERCENT RE PROFES- SIONAL	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION PROFES- MANAGERS CLERICAL SIONAL	QUESTION B	BY CIVILIA SALES C	SALES CRAFTSMEN OPERATIVE	ON PERATIVE	SERVICE	LABORERS	FARMERS	ROW X
EDUCATION BENEFITS	13.20 (8.0)	15.20	16.10 (8.0)	15.70	17.40	16,20	17.20	19.70	22.80	16.50
RETIREMENT MENEFITS	48.00 (2.0)	51.70 (1.0)	34.50 (2.0)	48.80 (2.0)	46.70	45.90 (2.0)	46.60	41.00	41.50	45.60 (2.0)
SOMETHING DIFFERENT	19.30	17.70	22.60	19.90	17.30	16.40	16.70	17.50	16.30	18.10 (6.0)
ENJOYMENT	22.20	22.40	24.40 (6.0)	22.10 (5.0)	19.70	19.70	19.40	19.00	20.00	20.70
SERVICE TO COUNTRY	36.90	38.80 (3.0)	29.80	37.00	38.40	33.30	36.20	34.30	40.40	36.00
MEET OTHER PEOPLE	16.80	17.00	26.10 (5.0)	17.10	17.10	15.70 (8.0)	18.10	18.30	18.50	17.90
DEVELOP SKILLS	2 4. 30	24.30	30.70	24.20	26.20 (4.0)	26.40	25.90	26.80	23.30 (4.0)	25.70
EXTRA MONEY	53.00	50.50	54.00	49.80	46.80	46.90	47.80	46.10	48.10	49.30
COMPANIONSHIP	9.40	9.60	3.70	12.60	7.70	7.30	8.10 (9.0)	8.30 (9.6)	8.10	8.80
ОТНЕЯ	4.70	4.20	4.70	5.70	4.60	3.70	4.20 (10.0)	4.10	4.80	4.40
% OF RESPONDENTS	22.80	15.10	5.60	4.20	7.80	6.60	11.80	25.10	.90	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	11	28131								
COEFFICIENT OF CONTOR AVERAGE RANK CORRELA	RDANCE =	.95660								
CHI-SQUARE TEST STA	TISTIC =	77.484S5 WITH		9 DEGREES OF FREEDOM.	EEDOM. SIG	SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	LEVEL =	00000		

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE X DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN HOR THE RESPONDENTS OF TO FIND THE X OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (X OF RESPONDENTS).
3. TO FIND A ROW X DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (X OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) / (ROW X).
5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED 100X SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

QUESTION 8: WHAT HAS PROVEN TO BE MOST IMPORTANT TO YOU.

í	PERCENT RE 499/MONTH AND LESS		2 -:	GUESTION BY CIVILIAN INCOME SCO-1199 1200-1599 1600-1999 FER MONTH PER MONTH	AN INCOME 1600-1999 PER MONTH	2000 AND OVER	ROW X
EDUCATION BENEFITS	20.50 (8.0)	19.80	17.70	15.90	15.00	14.30	16.80
RETIREMENT BENEFITS	28.50	28.30 (4. 0)	40.80	50.80	56.80	56.00	46.00
SOMETHING DIFFERENT	21.20	18.50	17.50	17.80	18.30	21.00	18.40
ENJOYMENT	22.80 (5.0)	18.40 (8.0)	19.90	21.30	22.40	25.30	21.40
SERVICE TO COUNTRY	31.90	31.50	34.60	37.30	40.40	42.80 (3.0)	36.90
MEET OTHER PEOPLE	22.60	21.00	19.70	16.00	16.00	15.90	17.90
DEVELOP SKILLS	33.10	33.40	27.90 (4. 0)	25.60	23.10 (4.0)	22.10	26.60
EXTRA MONEY	46.20	49.80 (1.0)	51.00	53.00	47.90	43.70	49.70
COMPANIONSHIP	9.50	7.30	8.80	8.60	9.80	11.70	9.20
OTHER	3.90	3.60 (10.0)	4.30	4.20 (10.0)	4.50	5.10	4.30
% OF RESPONDENTS	4.00	11.90	28.80	26.00	14.90	14.40	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS		21612					
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	RDANCE .	.92391					
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC	TISTIC =	49.89091 WITH		GREES OF F	REEDOM. SI	9 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	LEVEL =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN FARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
2. COLUMN SUMS ANY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING.
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).
5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED 100% SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

MIESTION 8: WHAT HAS PROVEN TO BE MOST IMPORTANT TO YOU.

	PERCENT RE	PERCENT RESPONDING TO NOW HIGH	QUESTION	BY CIVILIAN	EDUCATION
•	SCHOOL	SCHOOL GRADUATE	COLLEGE	GRADUATE	
EDUCATION BENEFITS	21.80	19.10		12.00	17.20
	0.0	6.0	6 8 -	6.8	(0.8
RETIREMENT BENEFITS	24.70	42.90	44.40	46.90	42.50
	4.0	(0.2.)	7.0	7.0	7.0
SOMETHING DIFFERENT	19.60	17.60	17.60	19.80	18.30
	0.7	60.8	(0./)	6.6	6.0
ENJOYMENT	16.80	19.70	20.20	22.80	20.20
	(8.0)	(2.0)	6.0	(4.0)	(2.0)
SERVICE TO COUNTRY	32.60	34.00	35.30	37.60	35.10
	(2.0)	3.0)	3.0	(0.8)	(3.0)
MEET OTHER PEOPLE	20.10	18.20	17.70	17.70	18.10
	(6.0)	(7.0)	(0.9)	(2.0)	(7.0)
DEVELOP SKILLS	31.20	26.50	28.00	22.50	26.50
	(3.0)	(4.0)	(4. 0)	(2.0)	(0.4)
EXTRA MONEY	38.50	47.00	50.70	53.70	48.80
	(1.0)	(1.0)	(0.1.0)	(1.0)	(0.1)
COMPANIONSHIP	7.10	7.50	8.40	10.80	8.50
	(8.0)	(0.6)	:0.6	(8.0)	(0.6)
OTHER	3.90	4.00	4.90	4.50	4.40
	(10.0)	(10.0)	(10.0)	(10.0)	(10.0)
% OF RESPONDENTS	9.80	37.60	30.10	22.50	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	n ∎	32544			
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	RDANCE =	.92576			

CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

33.32727 WITH 9 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE Z. DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
(COLUMN SUNS ONCE BE TAKE THE Z. DISTRIBUTION FOR THE RESPONDENTS).
3. TO FIND THE Z. OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROWACOLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN Z) X (X. OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW Z DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (X. OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN Z) / (ROW X).

COLUMN TAKES ANY FOR EFFICIONY STAND MURITIMAL TO THIS ONESTION WERE ALLOWED.

QUESTION 9: WHAT WOULD YOU CHANGE ABOUT THE USAR.

•	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION OFFICER E1 E2	PONDING TO		BY RANK E3	E 4	n H	E6	E7	ES	E9	ROW X
INCREASE BENEFITS	26.70	23.00	27.60	27.30	29.60	30.60	34.70	36.60	37.20	29.10	31.00
BETTER ORGANIZATION	14.90	15.70	19.80	20.00	24.30	22.90	19.70	17.30	12.40	11.70	20.10
IMPROVE GUALITY	10.10	6.30	7.00	7.80	7.50	8.20	10.20	13.50	14.40	15.50	9.30
INCREASE DISCIPLINE	8.50	5.10	6.40	8.00 6.03	7.90	8.60	06.9	12.50	12.80	14.10	% %.00 %.00
IMPROVE TRAINING	7.70	4.90	4.50	5.90	5.60	5.60	5.50	5.80 (0.60)	5.00	7.30	5.70
INCREASE PROMOTIONS	21.00	13.90	17.90	19.20	20.10	20.50	18.90	18.60 (3.0)	19.00	16.00	19.40
REDUCE PAPERMORK	9.60	19.40	23.10	22.10	27.40	25.40	19.40	12.00	9.40	7.30	20.50
VARY LOCATION	27.30	12.10	10.70	12.10	12.00	13.60	17.40	21.20	27.00	31.10	16.30
REVISE DRILL	8.70	5.20	7.90	7.00	9.80	10.20	10.20	11.50	9.10	12.20	9.60
ОТНЕЯ	4.20 (10.0)	3.70	5.10	5.10	5.00	5.10	5.10	5.60	6.20	4.40	5.00
% OF RESPONDENTS	9.40	3.90	5.80	6.70	17.80	23.50	18.00	11.30	3.00	99.	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	# 33	33984									
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE =	.77845									
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC		72.05454 WITH		REES OF FR	9 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =	NIFICANCE	LEVEL =	00000.			

NOTES:

1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT

(COLUMN SURVEY MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).

3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).

4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %).

5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED 100% SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

QUESTION 9: WHAT WOULD YOU CHANGE ABOUT THE USAR.

	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY TIME IN RESERVE LESS THAN 1 TO 3 4 TO 6 7 TO 9 10 TO 12	PONDING TO 1 TO 3	QUESTION 1	SY TIME II	N RESERVE 10 TO 12	13 TO 15	16 TO 20	21 TO 25	26 AND	ROW %
•	1 YEAR	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	OVER	
INCREASE BENEFITS	26.70	28.70	29.80	35.70	36.80	35.60	33.40	30.50	31.90	31.10
	(1.0)	(0.1)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)
BETTER ORGANIZATION	19.50	23.10	22.70	18.10	17.40	16.30	12.70	12.40	11.40	20.10
	(3.0)	(3.0)	(2.0)	64.0	(2.0)	(0.4)	(8.2)	(0.9)	(7.0)	(3.0)
IMPROVE QUALITY	6.90	8.40	3.80	10.20	11.20	11.90	10.90	11.50	11.60	9.30
	(8.0)	(7.0)	(7.0)	(0.9)	(0.9)	(0.9)	(7.0)	(7.0)	(0.9)	(2.0)
INCREASE DISCIPLINE	7.80	8.20	9.30	9.00	8.90	11.00	12.70	13,10	13.90	9.00
	(0.9)	(8.0)	(0.8)	(8.0)	(8.0)	(7.0)	(2.2)	(2.0)	(4.0)	(8.0)
IMPROVE TRAINING	5.30	5.90	5.80	5.80	u. 40	5.90	6.40	3.90	0.00	5.70
	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(8.0)	(8.2)	(0.6)	(8.0)	(10.0)	(10.0)	(8.0)
INCREASE PROMOTIONS	17.50	20.40	21.30	18.70	17.50	16.60	19.00	19.40	18.40	19.50
	(4.0)	(0.4)	(4.0)	3.0)	(0.4)	(3.0)	(3.0)	(3.0)	(3.0)	(4.0)
REDUCE PAPERWORK	19.70	23.20	21.90	20.00	18.90	16.10	15.50	13.30	12.10	20.50
	(2.0)	(5.0)	(3.0)	(5.0)	(2.0)	(a.c)	(0.4)	(4.0)	(2.0)	(2.0)
VARY LOCATION	12.00	13.60	15.90	17.90	17.60	21.30	23.10	29.00	24.80	16.30
	(2.0)	0.00	5.0	6 2.0	(3.0)	(5.0)	(5.0)	(2.0)	(5.0)	3.0)
REVISE DRILL	7,30	9.20	10.50	10.00	11.10	9.30	10.00	8.30	8.30	9.30
	(2.0)	(6.0)	(0.9)	(2.0)	(7.0)	(0.8	6.0	(8.0)	(0.8)	(6.0)
OTHER	4.70	5.20	5.30	4.40	3.40	4.70	4.40	4.80	04.6	8.0
	0.01	0.01	0.01	(10.0)	(6.%)	0.01	0.01	60.4	6.6	(10.0)
2 OF RESPONDENTS	10.30	32,30	20.40	11.50	10.70	5.20	4.30	2.50	2.80	
	3	3	}	}		;	3	} •	3	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	= 33685	283								
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE KANK CORRELATION	RDANCE =	.88223								

71.46061 WITH 9 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL = CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

NUTES:

1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT

4. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) % (% OF RESPONDENTS).

4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) % (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED 100% SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

CUESTION 9: WHAT WOULD YOU CHANGE ABOUT THE USAR.

ı	PERCENT RE 17 TO 21 YEARS	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION 17 TO 21 22 TO 26 27 TO 31 YEARS YEARS YEARS	0 QUESTION 27 TO 31 YEARS	8Y AGE 32 TO 36 YEARS	37 TG 41 YEARS	42 TO 46 YEARS	47 TO 51 YEARS	52 AND OVER	ROW X
INCREASE BENEFITS	24.90	28.90 (1.0)	32.30	34.60	33.00	30.80 (1.0)	31.30	28.70	31.00
BETTER ORGANIZATION	19.80	24.60	21.80	19.20	17.40	14.90	12.80	14.30	20.00
IMPROVE QUALITY	7.60	8.00	9.60	10.00	10.30	9.80	10.40	11.10	9.30
INCREASE DISCIPLINE	6.80	7.90	8.30 (8.0)	9.10 (8.0)	10.90	10.20	13.50	15.70	9.00
IMPROVE TRAINING	5.30	6.00	6.00	6.00	5.90	4.90	4.00	5.00	5.70
INCREASE PROMOTIONS	17.50	21.80	19.40	19.50	19.50	16.70	18.80	19.00	19.40
REDUCE PAPERWORK	22.00	22.80	20.80	20.00	17.90	17.20	18.40	17.80	20.40
VARY LOCATION	11.90	13.30	17.00	17.20	18.70	19.90	20.90	22.80	16.40
REVISE DRILL	7.80	9.60	10.60	9.70	9.30	9.50	9.10	9.70 (8.0)	9.60
OTHER	4.50	5.40 (10.0)	5.00	5.10	4.40	4.50	5.50	5.70	5.00
% OF RESPONDENTS	12.50	19.70	22.50	20.80	10.90	9.30	4.60	2.10	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	#	33515							
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	REMANCE .	.88268							
CMI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =	TISTIC =	64.60909 WITH		GREES OF F	REEDOM. SI	9 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	LEVEL =	00000.	

NOTES:

1. NUMBERS IN FARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT

2. COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO FOUNDING).

3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).

4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) / (ROW %).

5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED 100% SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS GUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

QUESTION 9: WHAT WOULD YOU CHANGE ABOUT THE USAR.

	PERCENT RES	FONDING TO FEMALE	PERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION BY SEX MALE FEMALE ROW X
•	! ! !		
INCREASE BENEFITS	32.00	25.00	31.00
	(1.0)	(5.0)	(1.0)
BETTER ORGANIZATION	18.90	28.00	20.10
	(4.0)	(1.0)	(3.0)
IMPROVE QUALITY	9.30	8.90	9.30
	(7.5)	(7.0)	(7.0)
INCREASE DISCIPLINE	9.30	7.30	9.00
	(7.5)	(8.0)	(8.0)
IMPROVE TRAINING	5.80	5,20	5.70
	(8.0)	(0.6)	(0.6)
INCREASE PROMOTIONS	19.40	19.40	19.40
	(3.0)	(0.4)	(4.0)
REDUCE PAPERWORK	20.10	22.80	20.50
	(2.0)	(0.6)	(5.0)
VARY LOCATION	16.50	15.50	16.40
	(2.0)	(2.0)	(2.0)
REVISE DRILL	9.50	10.10	9.60
	(0.9)	(0.9)	(0.9)
OTHER	9.00	3.00	3.6
	(10.0)	(10.0)	(10.0)
% OF RESPONDENTS	86.80	13.20	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	£ *	33626	
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE =	.95909	

CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC # 17.26364 WITH 9 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL #

NOTES:

1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT

4. COLUMN SUMS AND THE RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).

4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) / (ROW %).

5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED 100% SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

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QUESTION 9: WHAT WOULD YOU CHANGE ABOUT THE USAR.

- 1	PERCENT RES	PERCENT RESPONDING TO G MARRIED SINGLE	QUESTION BY MARITAL STATUS ROW X
INCREASE BENEFITS	33.10	27.50	31.10 (1.0)
BETTER ORGANIZATION	18.60	23.10	20.10 (3.0)
IMPROVE GUALITY	9.80	8.50 (7.0)	9.40 (7.0)
INCREASE DISCIPLINE	9.80	7.60	9.00
IMPROVE TRAINING	5.70	5.90	5.80
INCREASE PROMOTIONS	18.90	20.30	19.40 (4.0)
REDUCE PAPERWORK	19.80	21.80	20.50
VARY LOCATION	17.70	14.40	16.50 (5.0)
REVISE DRILL	9.50 (8.0)	9.80	9.60 (6. 0)
отнея	5.00	5.00	5.00
% OF RESPONDENTS	64.80	35.20	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	* 33164	164	
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	RDANCE **	.95909	
CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC .	TISTIC =	17.26364 WITH	TH 9 DEGREES OF FREEDOM, SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =

NOTES:

1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE 1 DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT

(COLUMN SHOWN NOT BE EXCITY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).

3. TO FIND THE 2 OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN X) X (X OF RESPONDENTS).

4. TO FIND A ROW X DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (X OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN X) / (ROW X).

5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED 100% SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

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QUESTION 9: WHAT WOULD YOU CHANGE ABOUT THE USAR.

	PERCENT RE PROFES- SIONAL	SPONDING T	ERCENT RESPONDING TO QUESTION PROFES- MANAGERS CLERICAL SIONAL	BY CIVILIA SALES C	SALES CRAFISMEN OPERATIVE	ON PERATIVE	SERVICE	LABORERS	FARMERS	ROW %
INCREASE BENEFITS	29.80	31.70	28.30 (1.0)	31.90	34.50	32.20	33.30	31.70	33.30	31.60
SETTER ORGANIZATION	18.80	18.60	24.80	21.00	20.00	20.50	19.70	20.40	13.90	19.90
IMPRÜVE QUALITY	9.70	10.90	9.00	11.00	9.40	8.40	9.70	8.70 (8.0)	8.50	9.50
INCREASE DISCIPLINE	8.20 (8.0)	10.40	8.00	8.50	10.00	10.00	9.80	9.10	7.80	9.20
IMPROVE TRAINING	6.70	6.10	4.80	5.00	4.90	4.70	5.80	5.40	5.60	5.70
INCREASE PROMOTIONS	19.40	20.50	19.50	19.10	19.10	17.30	19.60	20.10	11.10	19.50
REDUCE PAPERWORK	17.40	18.40	23.20	17.30	21.10	24.70	21.00	22.50	22.20	20.40
JARY LOCATION	13.00	17.90	15.80	18.80	15.90	14.40	16.50	15.80	13.70	16.70
REVISE DRILL	9.70	9.80	10.10	11.10	9.40	9.70	9.70	9.40	10.70	9.70
OTHER	4.30	4.60	4.90	4.20	5.20	6.40	5.40	5.40	3.70	5.00
% OF RESPONDENTS	22.80	15.10	5.60	4.20	7.80	6.60	11.80	25.10	0.1	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	11	28182								
COEFFICIENT OF CONCOR AVERAGE RANK CORRELAT	RDANCE .	.93670								
CHI-SGUARE TEST STAT	TISTIC =	75.87273 WITH		REES OF FR	9 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	NIFICANCE	LEVEL *	. 00000		

NOTES:

1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT

(COLUMN SHOWN NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).

3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) x (% OF RESPONDENTS).

4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCEED 100% SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

DUFSTION 9: WHAT WOULD YOU CHANGE ABOUT THE USAR.

'	PERCENT RE 499/MONTH AND LESS	SPONDING 1 500-799 PER MONTH	TO QUESTION 800-1199 PER MONTH	1200-1599 PER MONTH	AN INCOME 1600-1999 PER MÜNTH	2000 AND OVER	ROW X
INCREASE BENEFITS	25.00	28.70	31.60	32.40	31.50	30.00	30.90
BETTER ORGANIZATION	20.80	22.10	20.40	20.10	19.10	15.50	19.60
IMPROVE QUALITY	6.90	7.10 (8.0)	8.60 (7.0)	9.80	11.40	12.50	9.60
INCREASE DISCIPLINE	9.10	8.20 (6.0)	8.50	9.50 (8.0)	10.10	10.40	9.30
IMPROVE TRAINING	5.60	5.30	5.50	5.30	6.00	6.80	5.70
INCREASE PROMOTIONS	17.00	20.50	19.30	19.70	20.10	20.10	19.70
REDUCE PAPERWORK	22.90 (2.0)	25.30	22.40	20,70	18.10	15.00	20.60
VARY LOCATION	14.80	12.20	14.30	17,60	19.50	21.80	16.80 (5.0)
REVISE DRILL	7.60	8.10	9.10	10.20	10.00	10.70	9.60
OTHER	4.30	4.90	5.00	4.60	5.40	5.00	4.90
% OF RESPONDENTS	4.00	11.90	23.80	26.00	14.90	14.40	
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	II	21610					
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE =	.92458					

CHI-SQUARE TEST STATISTIC =

49.92727 WITH 9 DEGREES OF FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL =

NOTES:
1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE FANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.
2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT.
3. COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% IND ROUNDING).
3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) x (% OF RESPONDENTS).
4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) x (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).
5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCRED 100% SINCE MULTIPLE RESPONSES TO THIS QUESTION WERE ALLOWED.

MIFSTION 9: WHAT WOULD YOU CHANGE ABOUT THE USAR.

	PERCENT RE NON HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE	PERCENT RESPONDING TO NON HIGH HIGH SCHOOL SCHOOL GRADUATE GRADUATE	QUESTION SOME COLLEGE	BY CIVILIAN COLLEGE GRADUATE	EDUCATION ROW %	
INCREASE BENEFITS	27.50	31.00	33.00	29.70	31.00	
BETTER ORGANIZATION	20.70	20.00	21.70	17.60	20.00	
IMPROVE QUALITY	7.40	8.20	10.60	10.20	9.30	
INCREASE DISCIPLINE	7.10 (8.0)	9.50	9.60	8.10 (8.0)	9.00	
IMPROVE TRAINING	4.50	4.80	6.40	7.10	5.80	
INCREASE PROMOTIONS	18.50	18.20	21.00	19.80	19.50	
REDUCE PAPERWORK	21.50	21.70	21.80	15.70	20.40	
VARY LOCATION	11.80	15.20	17.10	20.00	16.50	
REVISE DRILL	7.80	9.10	10.50	9.80	9.60	
OTHER	5.30	5.00	5.50	4.40	5.00 (10.0)	
% OF RESPONDENTS	9.80	37.60	30.10	22.50		
TOTAL RESPONDENTS	en ■	32540				
COEFFICIENT OF CONCORDANCE AVERAGE RANK CORRELATION	ORDANCE =	.92879				
CHI-SQUARE TEST STA	STATISTIC =	33.43636 WITH		9 DEGREES OF FRE	FREEDOM. SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL	NCE LEVEL "

NOTES:

1. NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE THE RANKS WITHIN THE COLUMNS.

2. NUMBERS IN COLUMNS ARE THE % DISTRIBUTION FOR A COLUMN FOR THE RESPONSE SHOWN TO THE FAR LEFT
(COLUMN SUMS MAY NOT BE EXACTLY 100% DUE TO ROUNDING).

3. TO FIND THE % OF TOTAL RESPONDENTS FOR ANY ROW/COLUMN INTERSECTION: (COLUMN %) X (% OF RESPONDENTS).

4. TO FIND A ROW % DISTRIBUTION BY COLUMN: (% OF RESPONDENTS) X (COLUMN %) / (ROW %).

5. COLUMN TOTALS MAY EXCRED TOOK SINCE MUL) ("LE ECCEONDENTS) X (COLUMN WERE ALLOWED.

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		Study Report 82-2			
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A survey of most of the US Army Reserves was conducted in 1980-1981 to obtain information on the opinions which the Reservists had concerning the US Army Reserve and on factors which influenced the individual to join the Reserves. Although the analysis indicates that there was general agreement among the Reservists, there were nevertheless differences in responses due to age, sex, marital status, etc. The most significant differences in opinions expressed were associated with responses by sex, followed by marital status, age, and time in Reserve.

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